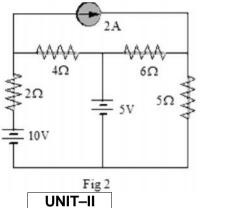


2. In the network of fig 2, find the voltage across the 5 ohm resistor using mesh current analysis.



3. a) Define and determine the Average and RMS values of a sinusoidal voltage. 7M

b) A series circuit having a resistance and a capacitance draws a current of 2.4A from a 100V, 50Hz, single phase ac supply. The power consumed in the circuit is 80W. Determine the values of resistor and capacitor. 7M

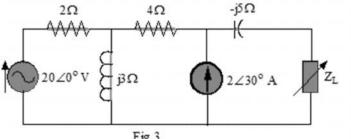
#### OR

- 4. a) Derive the formula for the resonant frequency of a series RLC circuit. 7M
  - Two impedances  $Z_1 = (8 + j6)$  ohm and  $Z_2 = (4 jX_C)$  ohm are connected in b) parallel. Find the value of X<sub>C</sub> such that the circuit resonates. 7M

5. State and explain Norton's theorem with an example.

#### OR

6. In the circuit of fig 3, determine the impedance to be connected across the load terminals for maximum power transfer if the load consists of a resistance in series with a reactance. Also, find the value of the maximum power transferred.



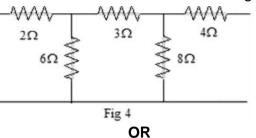
14M

14M

14M

UNIT–IV

- 7. a) Define the hybrid parameters of a 2 port network.
  - b) Determine the Z parameters of the network shown in fig 4.



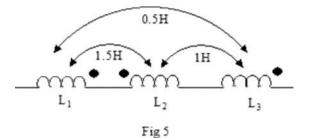
8. Two, 2 port networks are connected in parallel. The Z parameters of the networks are given below:

$$Z_{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 3\\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } Z_{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1\\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determine the Y parameters of the parallel combination.

UNIT-V

9. a) Three inductances  $L_1 = 2H$ ,  $L_2 = 1.8H$  and  $L_3 = 2.6H$  are connected in series as shown in fig 5. Determine the equivalent inductance.



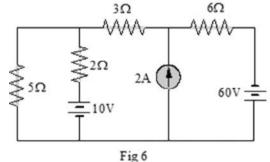
7M

7M

b) Deduce the equation for the coefficient of coupling when two coils are magnetically coupled.

OR

10. a) For the circuit of fig 6, construct the graph of the network and obtain the tie set matrix.



7M

7M

b) Define the term dual networks. Elaborate the procedure of obtaining the dual of the given network.

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7M

14M

7M

Hall	Tick	et Number :								]						
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		. I Semester	-	El	ect	ro N	lag	neti	c Fi	elds	5		ons N	lov/D	ec 201	7
		rks: 70 er all five units	Elec by cl							-			5x14		e: 3 Hou 1arks )	Jrs
							ι	JNIT	-1							
1.	a)	Define electr due to an arr						ive t	he ex	res	sion	for e	electr	ic flux	density	7M
	b)	Tour infinite					-									
		<sup>∦0</sup> þC/m² at <sup>i</sup> <sup>i</sup> <sup>a</sup> t origin.	y=7, -	8 p(	C/m <sup>2</sup>	at y	=3, 6	pC/	m² at	y= -	1, -1	8 pC/	/m² a	t y= -4.	Find	7M
								OF	R							
2.	a)	State different of their charge	•••			arge	distri	butic	ons a	nd ex	kpres	s ea	ch of	them ii	n terms	5M
	<ul> <li>b) Given the potential v=10/r<sup>2</sup>sinΘcosΘ volts. Find D at (2, /2, 0). Calculate the work done in moving a 10µC charge from A(1,30<sup>0</sup>,120<sup>0</sup>) to B(4,90<sup>0</sup>,60<sup>0</sup>)</li> </ul>							9M								
								INIT-								
3.	a)	Define electri	-			-			-	oten	tial at	a po	int du	e to the	e dipole.	7M
	b)	Find the cap	acitan	ice	ofao	co-a>	kial c	•								7M
								OF		•	_				_	
4.	a)	Derive the e capacitor are field intensity	e plac													7M
	b)	The radii of t condensers assuming air	is 53	.33J	pF. i						•			•		7M
							U	NIT-	-111							
5.		Deduce the current carry	•		on foi	r ma	gneti	c fiel	ld int	ensit	y at a	a poi	nt du	e to a	circular	14M
								OF	R							
6.		The conduct (0,0,5) due to	-	-				e fig	ure c	arrie	s a c	urren	nt of 1	0A. Fii	nd t Ma	
						v	Acr Acr	2,0,5)	) Y <sup>0(210)</sup>	→ ¥						1 41 4
						r x	,									14M

UNIT–IV 7. Prove that torque experienced by a current loop placed in a uniform magnetic field is normal to the plane containing the magnetic dipole moment and magnetic flux density 14M OR 8. a) State and explain Lorentz's force equation. 5M b) Show that the force experienced by the current carrying loop placed in uniform magnetic field is zero. 9M UNIT-V 9. a) Briefly describe statically induced emf with relevant expressions 6M b) Express the differential and integral form of (i) Gauss's law for electric field (ii) Gauss's law for magnetic field (iii) Ampere's circuital law and (iv) Faraday's law. 8M OR 10. a) What is displacement current? Show that displacement current,  $d = \frac{\partial D}{\partial t}$ 6M b) State the laws from which Maxwell's I, II, III and IV laws are derived and express Maxwell's equations in free space both in differential and integral form. 8M

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	II E	3.Tech. I Semest	er Regu			•					nati	ons	Nov/Dec 2017	7
				-				:hine						
	Mc	ax. Marks: 70	(Electi	icai	ana	EIEC	non	ICS EI	ıgır	ieer	ing j		Time: 3 Hour	S
		Answer all five un	its by cho	posing	g one	9 QUE		n from	nec	ich ı	unit (	5 x 1	4 = 70 Marks )	
					l	JNIT-								
		Design and draw	a 2 layer	progr	essiv	e dup	plex	windir	ng w	/ith E	Iqual	izer c	connections for a	
		4-pole dc generat	or with 16	6 slots	s, ead	ch slo	ot ha	ving 2	2 coi	l sid	es. Ir	ndicat	e the position of	4
		brushes.					OR							1
		Elucidate the prir	nciple of	opera	ation			structi	iona	l de	tails	of a	machine, which	
		generates unidire	•	•										1
					ι	JNIT-	-11							
•	a)	Derive the Arma	-				ch c	ause	dei	mag	netizi	ng e	ffect and cross	
		magnetizing effec								•			<b>-</b>	
	b)	A 4-pole motor had displaced backwa												
		the total armature	•				•				•		•	
		per pole.												
	<b>~</b> `	Illustrate the same	an af s-		or f				ہ ام		net-			
	a)	Illustrate the proce								-			-	
	b)	Distinguish the me	ethods to	avoic		•		he bri	ushe	es in	a DC	; mad	shine?	
		Sketch the interr	al and c	vtorn		INIT-		tice o	f I		nach	ina f	or the following	
•		applications:				laiac	10113	1105 0	/1 L		nach		or the following	
		a. suitable for	r consiste	ent po	ower	suppl	ly							
		b. Arc welding	g				~ -							1
	a)	List the reasons for	or operati	na da	aona		OR rs. in	narall	പ2					
	a) b)	Explain the proce	•	0	U			•		ovci	tod n	nachi	ne Under what	
	0)	conditions may it f		-	•••		•		5011-	CACI		lacin	ne. Onder what	
		·			U	NIT-	IV							
	a)	Identify the DC m	otor with	the h	ighes	st stai	rting	torqu	e. A	sses	s the	reas	on with relevant	
		equation?												
	b)	A 4 pole, 220V sh mains and develo				•								
		resistance is 0.9	• •	•							•			
		developed, iii) Sh	aft torque	).								-		
					, <u>-</u>		OR							
•		Illustrate the differ	ent speed	d con			·	for a	shu	int m	otor	,		1
	a)	Elaborate the test	st to prev	datarr		JNIT-		ionov	for	ъГ	)C m	achir	a with relevant	
•	a)	equations		Jeren		uie	enici	епсу	101	аL		acim		
	b)	When running on	no load, a	a 400	)V sh	unt m	notor	takes	s 5A	. Ca	lculat	e the	efficiency when	
		the motor running	on full lo	ad an									•	
		0.5 and field res	istance 2	. 00										
	a)	Explain the direct	test of a l		achir		OR detai	il with	adu	antr		and d	lisadvantages?	
	́	•									•		<b>U</b>	
	b)	In a brake test, th radius 30cm had a												
		at the above load.				0		1					,	

	ł	Hall Ticket Number :						
	Co	ode: 5G539						
		B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017	7					
		Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines						
		( Electrical and Electronics Engineering ) Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3 Hour	~					
	Γ	Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( 5 x 14 = 70 Marks ) ********	2					
		UNIT–I						
1.	a)	Can you distinguish between Newtonian and nonNewtonian fluids? Suppose that the fluid being sheared in SAE 30 oil (viscosity = $0.29 \text{ kg/(ms)}$ ) at 20°C. Compute the shear stress in the oil if velocity is 3 m/s and h = 2 cm.	7M					
	b)	Explain Centre of Buoyancy? Lake, has a maximum depth of 60m, and the mean atmospheric pressure is 91 kpa. Determine the absolute and gauge pressure in kpa at this maximum depth.	7M					
		OR						
2.	a)							
	b) A plate of size 25 cm × 25 cm and weight 1000N slides down on inclined surface inclining $30^{\circ}$ to the horizontal which has certain thickness of lubrication with µ=0.1 poise. This attains velocity of 0.5 m/s over the lubricated surface. Find the thickness of lubrication. 7M							
		UNIT-II						
3.	a)	What is the Bernoulli's theorem? Where the Bernoulli's equation can be applied?	4M					
	b)							
	、	OR						
4.	a)	Explain briefly the following: i. Hydraulic Gradient Line (HGL) ii. Energy Gradient Line (EGL)	7M					
	b)	A compound piping system consists of 1800 m of 0.50 m, 1200 m of 0.40 m and 600 m of	7 111					
	5)	0.30 m new cast iron pipes connected in series. Convert the system to (i) an equivalent length of 0.40 m pipe, and (ii) equivalent size pipe 3600 m long.	7M					
		UNIT–III						
5.	a)	A jet strikes tangentially a smooth curved vane moving in the same direction as the jet, and the jet gets reversed in the direction. Show that the maximum efficiency is slightly less than 60 %	4M					
	b)	<ul> <li>A jet of water 50mm in diameter having a velocity of 20 m/s, strikes normally a flat smooth plate. Determine the thrust on the plate (i) if the plate is at rest; (ii) if the plate is moving in the same direction as the jet with a velocity of 8 m/s. Also find the work done per second on the plate and the efficiency of the jet when the plate is moving.</li> </ul>						
6.	a)	<b>OR</b> Draw the general layout of a hydroelectric power plant and explain elements of hydro electric power station?	7M					
	b)	Describe different heads and efficiencies of Hydroelectric power station?	7M					

7. a) Describe briefly the function of various basic components of impulse and reaction turbines. 7M b) A pelton wheel to be designed for a head of 60m when running at 200rpm, the pelton wheel develops 95.647kw shaft power, the velocity of the buckets=0.45times of the velocity of the jet overall efficiency=0.85 and co-efficient velocity is equal to 0.98 7M OR Performance characteristics of different turbines? Show that when runner blade angle at 8. a) inlet of a Francis turbine is 90° and the velocity of flow is constant, the hydraulic efficiency is given by  $2/(2+\tan^2)$ , Where is the vane angle. 10M b) Define specific speed of a turbine, and derive the expression for specific speed. 4M UNIT-V 9. a) Estimate the main component parts of a centrifugal pump and explain them briefly. Explain the working principle of a single stage centrifugal pump with a neat sketch. 7M Describe multistage pumps with (i) impeller in series and (ii) impellers in parallel. b) 7M OR 10. What are the effects of cavitation? Give the necessary precations against cavitation. 7M a) Describe main components of reciprocating pump with the help of sketch? 7M b) \*\*\*

R-15R-15II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017Mathematical Methods-III (Common to EEE & ECE)Max. Marks: 70Time: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 HoursItem: 3 HoursAnswer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Item: 1 = 1 = -1 = -1Item: 1 = -1 = -1Item: 3 HoursA start of the space one colspan="2">Item: 3 HoursA start of the colspan="2">Item: 3 HoursItem: 3 Hours <th>Hall</th> <th>Ticke</th> <th>et Number :</th> <th></th>	Hall	Ticke	et Number :	
II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017 Mathematical Methods-III (Common to EEE & ECE) Max. Marks: 70 Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit $(5 \times 14 = 70 \text{ Marks})$	Code	• 5G	R-15	
Max. Marks: 70 Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit $\{5x 14 = 70 \text{ Marks}\}$ <b>EXAMPLANCE</b> <b>1.</b> a) Reduce the following matrix into its normal form and hence find its rank $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ TM b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4, $3x + 26y + 2z = 9$ , $7x + 2y + 10z = 5OR2. a) Solve 2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2 by Gauss eliminationmethod.TMb) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} and find itsinverse.3. a) Find a real root of the equation 3x = \cos x + 1 by Newton-Raphson methodcorrect to four decimal places.5. Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for x = 0.2 insteps of 0.1 if \frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2, given that y = 1, where x = 0.6.4. a) Find a root of the equation x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0, using the Bisection methodcorrect to three decimal places.7.6.7.$			n. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 201 Mathematical Methods-III	7
1. a) Reduce the following matrix into its normal form and hence find its rank $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ (7M) b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4,  3x + 26  y + 2z = 9,  7x + 2y + 10z = 5 (7M) and find its method. b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find its inverse. (INIT-II) 3. a) Find a real root of the equation $3x = \cos x + 1$ by Newton-Raphson method correct to four decimal places. (M) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for $x = 0.2$ in steps of 0.1 if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$ , given that $y = 1$ , where $x = 0$ . (M) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places. (M) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1$ , $y(0) = 1$ . (M) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1$ , $y(0) = 1$ . (M) Settimate the value of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following table by Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula: ( $\frac{x}{f(x)} = \frac{20}{354} = \frac{25}{30} = \frac{35}{260} = \frac{40}{231} = \frac{45}{204}$ (M) Use Simpson's (1/3) rd rule and Simpson's (3/8) rh rule to estimate $\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{f(1 - x^2)} \end{cases}$			Time: 3 Hou ver all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( 5 x 14 = 70 Marks )	Jrs
$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ TM b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4,  3x + 26y + 2z = 9,  7x + 2y + 10z = 5 M CR 2. a) Solve $2x - y + 3z = 9,  x + y + z = 6,  x - y + z = 2$ by Gauss elimination method. b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find its inverse. TM 3. a) Find a real root of the equation $3x = \cos x + 1$ by Newton-Raphson method correct to four decimal places. D) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for $x = 0.2$ in steps of 0.1 if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$ , given that $y = 1$ , where $x = 0$ . M 4. a) Find a root of the equation $x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$ , using the Bisection method correct to three decimal places. D) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1$ , $y(0) = 1$ . TM 5. a) Estimate the value of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following table by Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula: $\frac{x}{f(x)} \frac{20}{354} \frac{25}{332} \frac{291}{260} \frac{25}{231} \frac{204}{204}$ TM b) Use Simpson's (1/3) rd rule and Simpson's (3/8) rh rule to estimate $\int \frac{dx}{f(1 + x^2)}$	1	$\sim$		
b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4, $3x + 26y + 2z = 9$ , $7x + 2y + 10z = 5OR2. a) Solve 2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2 by Gauss eliminationmethod.b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} and find itsinverse.IUNIT-II3. a) Find a real root of the equation 3x = \cos x + 1 by Newton-Raphson methodcorrect to four decimal places.b) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for x = 0.2 insteps of 0.1 if \frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2, given that y = 1, where x = 0.OR4. a) Find a root of the equation x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0, using the Bisection methodcorrect to three decimal places.b) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at x = 0.1 and x = 0.2 to fivedecimal places from \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1, y(0) = 1.TM5. a) Estimate the value of f(22) and f(42) from the following table by Newton'sforward and backward interpolation formula:\frac{x}{f(x)} \frac{20}{364} \frac{25}{332} \frac{30}{291} \frac{35}{260} \frac{40}{231} \frac{45}{204} TMb) Use Simpson's (t/3)rd rule and Simpson's (3/8)th rule to estimate \int_{1}^{6} \frac{dx}{(1 + x^2)}$		a)		
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5x + 3y + 7z = 4,  3x + 26y + 2z = 9,  7x + 2y + 10z = 5 OR 2. a) Solve $2x - y + 3z = 9,  x + y + z = 6,  x - y + z = 2$ by Gauss elimination method. b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find its inverse. 3. a) Find a real root of the equation $3x = \cos x + 1$ by Newton-Raphson method correct to four decimal places. b) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of $y$ for $x = 0.2$ in steps of 0.1 if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$ , given that $y = 1$ , where $x = 0$ . 7M 4. a) Find a root of the equation $x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$ , using the Bisection method correct to three decimal places. b) Find by Taylor's series method the value of $y$ at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1$ , $y(0) = 1$ . 7M 5. a) Estimate the value of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following table by Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula: $\frac{x}{f(x)} \frac{20}{354} \frac{25}{32} \frac{30}{291} \frac{35}{260} \frac{40}{231} \frac{45}{204}$ 7M b) Use Simpson's $(t/3)rd$ rule and Simpson's $(3/8)th$ rule to estimate $\int_{1}^{6} \frac{dx}{(1 + x^2)}$		b)		7 1 1 1
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		b)	Use Simpson's $(1/3)rd$ rule and Simpson's $(3/8)th$ rule to estimate $\int_{0}^{6} \frac{dx}{(1+x^2)}$	7M
OR			OR	

6. a) Use Lagrange's Interpolation formula to estimate f(10) from the following table:

x	5	6	9	11
f(x)	12	13	14	16

7M

7M

b) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  at x=1.1 from the following table:

9.

x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	
У	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.031	7N
			UN					

7. a) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data by the method of least squares:

x	0	1	2	3	4
У	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

b) Form the partial differential equations (by eliminating the arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions) from

$$(i)z = ax + by + a^2 + b^2$$
 and  $(ii)z = f(x + ay) + g(x - ay)$  7M

OR

8. a) Fit a curve  $y = a e^{bx}$  to the following data by the method of least squares:

x	1	2	3	4
У	1.65	2.7	4.5	7.35

b) Solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$  where  $u(x,0) = 6 e^{-3x}$  by variable separable method. 7M

a) Obtain the Fourier series for the function 
$$f(x) = x - x^2$$
 in the interval  $[-f, f]$ .  
Hence show that  $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{f^2}{12}$ . 7M

b) Find the Fourier sine transform of the function  $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ , a > 0. 7M

OR

# 10. a) Find the half-range Cosine series for the function $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in the interval (0,1). Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{f^2}{6}$ 7M

b) Show that  $e^{-\binom{x^2/2}{2}}$  is a self-reciprocal with respect to Fourier Transform. 7M

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#### Code: 5G231

Max. Marks: 70

II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017

# Switching Theory and Logic Design

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

R-15

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$  Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1. a) i. Convert the hexadecimal number 68BE to binary and convert it from binary to octal
  - ii. Express the number  $(26.24)_8$  in decimal.
  - iii. Implement AND Gate using NOR Gates
  - b) Obtain the
    - i. 1's and 2's complement of 11011010
    - ii. 9's and 10's complement of 12345678
    - <sup>iii.</sup> State Demorgans theorem for 3 variables

## OR

- 2. a) i. Generate Hamming code for the given 11 bit message 10001110101 and rewrite the entire message with hamming code
  - ii. Draw the switching circuits for two way staircase
  - b) i. Convert the following to Decimal.
     (A) (10111111)<sub>2</sub> (B) (352)<sub>8</sub>
    - ii. Write 3 properties of XOR gate
    - iii. Distinguish between weighted codes and unweighted codes

# UNIT-II

- 3. a) Simplify the following using Tabular method
   F(A, B, C, D, E) = (0, 2, 4, 6, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 21, 25, 27, 2, 31)
  - b) Reduce the expression  $f = A\left(B + \overline{C}\left(\overline{AB + A\overline{C}}\right)\right)$  using Boolean theorems.

#### OR

- 4. a) Minimize the function  $f = \sum m(0,2,4,6,7,8,10,12,13,15)$  using K-Map. Implement using NAND gates.
  - b) Implement the Boolean expression of EX-OR gate using minimum number of NAND gates.

UNIT-III

- 5. a) Implement the function  $F(A,B,C,D) = \frac{UNIT-III}{AB + BD + BCD} | 8 \times 1 \text{ multiplexer}$ 
  - b) Design a 4-bit Binary to Gray code converter.

## OR

- 6. a) Design a full adder using Half adder. Give internal logic function and Truth Table
  - b) Implement the following unction using PLA

 $\begin{array}{lll} A(x\,,\,y\,,\,z) = & m(1,\,2,\,4,\,6) \\ B((x\,,\,y\,,\,z) = & m(0,\,1,\,6,\,7) \\ C((x\,,\,y\,,\,z) = & m(2,\,6) \end{array}$ 

#### UNIT-IV

- 7. a) Convert JK-flip flop to D-flip flop.
  - b) Design a mod-6 synchronous counter using JK-flip flop.

#### OR

- 8. a) Design a mod-8 synchronous counter using D flip-flops.
  - b) Draw the excitation tables of SR, T and D-flip flop.

## UNIT-V

- 9. a) List the capabilities and limitations of finite state machines.
  - b) Draw and explain ASM chart of a mod-6 counter.

#### OR

- 10. a) Draw the state diagram and state table for a sequence detector which can detect a sequence 101.
  - b) Minimize the following state table using partition method.

Present state	Next state, Output					
rieseni siale	x = 0	x = 1				
а	b, 0	d, 1				
b	g, 0	a, 0				
С	d, 0	b, 1				
d	g, 0	a, 0				
е	d, 0	a, 1				
f	e, 1	f, 1				
g	d, 1	d, 1				

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