Hall	Tick	et Number :	
Cod	e : 50	G332 R-15	
II B.	Tec	h. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 20)17
		Digital Design	
Max	. Mo	(Electronics and Communication Engineering) Time: 3 Ho	ours
Ansv	wer	all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Mar	·ks)
		UNIT-I	
1.	a)	Use 1's complement arithmetic to subtract	
		i) (54) ₁₀ from (231) ₁₀	
		ii) (-27) ₁₀ - (87) ₁₀	6M
	b)	Determine the largest and smallest Hexadecimal numbers that can be used in	
		a 16-bit digital system	8M
		OR	
2.	a)	List out the postulates of Boolean algebra. State and prove Demorgan's theorem of Boolean algebra	6M
	b)	What is Hamming code? How is Hamming code word is tested and corrected?	8M
		UNIT–II	
3.	a)	Simplify the following Boolean function for minimal SOP form using K-map and implement using NAND gates.	
		F(W,X,Y,Z) = (1,3,7,11,15) + d(0,2,5)	10M
	b)	What are universal gates? Why they are so called? Give the truth tables	4M
		OR	
4.	a)	For the given function F(W,X,Y,Z)= m(0,1,5,7,8,10,14,15)	
		i) Show the map	
		ii) find all the prime implicants and indicate which are essential	4014
		iii) Find minimal expression and realize using basic logic gates	10M
	b)	Simplify the Boolean function, using K- map F (x, y, z) = $(2, 3, 6, 7)$	4M
5.	a)	UNIT–III Realize full adder using two adders and logic gates	10M
0.	b)	Define magnitude comparator. Explain one-bit the basic comparator	4M
	0)	OR	
6.	a)	Explain the significance of multiplexer. Design a 64 x 1 MUX using only 8:1	
0.	aj	MUXs.	8M
	b)	Compare between PLA, PAL and ROM	6M

5M

UNIT–IV

7.	a)	Covert the following	
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- i) JK flip-flop to T flip-flop
- ii) SR flip-flop to D flip-flop
- b) Explain race-around condition

8. a) Design modulo 10 counter using JK flip-flops 10M

OR

b) Give the design steps of asynchronous counters 4M

- 9. a) Explain merge chart methods of minimal convertible 4M
 - b) Find the equivalence partition for the machine shown below

PS	NS,Z	151
	X=0	X=1
A	B,1	H,1
В	F,1	D,1
С	D,0	E,1
D	C,0	F,1
E	D,1	E,1
F	C,1	E,1
G	C,1	D,1
H	C,0	A,1

Show a standard form of the corresponding reduced machine 10M

OR

- 10. a) State the salient features of ASM chart
 - b) A sequential circuit has tree D flip-flops, A, B, C and one output. The minterms of the D flip-flop are given below. Construct the state table and Draw an ASM chart.

 $D_A(X,A,B,C) = (0,3,4,7,9,10,13,14)$ $D_B(X,A,B,C) = (4,5,6,7,12,13,14,15)$ $D_C(X,A,B,C) = (2,3,6,7,10,11,14,15)$

10M

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Code: 5G331

II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017

Electronic Circuits

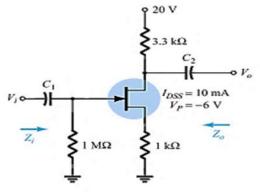
(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)

******** UNIT–I

- 1. a) The self bias configuration of JFET is given below; the trans-conductance g_m is 1.51mS & drain resistance r_d is 50K .
 - i. Find Z_i.
 - ii. Calculate Z_o with and without the effects of r_d . Compare the results.
 - iii. Calculate A_v with and without the effects of r_d . Compare the results.



b) Draw the circuit diagram of a two stage RC coupled amplifier. Explain the need of using multi-stage amplifiers.

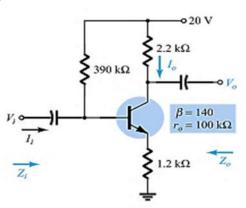
6M

8M

Time: 3 Hours

OR

2. a) The CE amplifier with fixed bias is shown in the figure. Calculate input impedance, output impedance and voltage gain.



8M

8M

6M

7M

7M

b) Compare the input impedance, output impedance and voltage gain of CE, CB and CC configurations. Why CE amplifiers are widely used?
 6M

UNIT-II

- 3. a) Plot the frequency response and explain the reasons for fall of gain at high and low frequencies in the case of a RC coupled CE amplifier.
 - b) What is the significance of 3dB bandwidth?

OR

- a) Explain the role of coupling capacitors and Bypass capacitors in a RC Coupled Amplifier Circuit.
 - b) Draw the hybrid –pi model of BJT. Explain the circuit elements in this model.

Page 2 of 2

8M

6M

6M

7M

7M

7M

7M

UNIT-III

- 5. a) Derive the expressions for input impedance and output impedance for voltage series feedback (negative). Is this changes in input and output impedances are favorable for an amplifier?
 - b) What is the impact of negative feedback on bandwidth? If an amplifier with gain of A = 1000 and feedback of = 0.1 has a gain change of 20% due to temperature, calculate the change in gain of the feedback amplifier if negative feedback is introduced.

OR

- a) Derive the expressions for input impedance, output impedance for voltage series feedback (positive).
 8M
 - b) Explain the advantages of negative feedback over positive feedback.

UNIT–IV

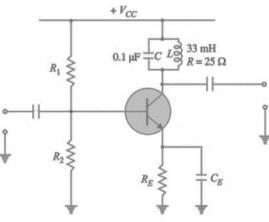
- 7. a) Explain the Barkhausen criteria for oscillations.
 - b) Explain with a circuit diagram the working of Hartley Oscillator.

OR

- 8. a) Explain with a circuit diagram the working of RC phase shift oscillator. Derive the expression for frequency of oscillation of RC phase shift oscillator.
 10M
 - b) Design the R & C elements of a Wien bridge oscillator for operation at $f_o = 10$ KHz of Wien bridge oscillator. 4M
 - UNIT-V
- 9. a) Derive the efficiency of Class A Amplifier
 - b) Explain crossover distortion in Class B power amplifier

OR

10. a) For the tuned amplifier shown in Fig. determine (i) the resonant frequency (ii) the Q of tank circuit and (iii) bandwidth of the amplifier.



b) Explain any two applications of the tuned amplifier.

8M 6M

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II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017

Electrical Circuit Theory

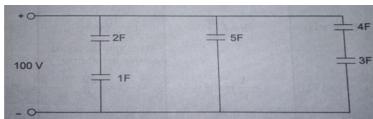
(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

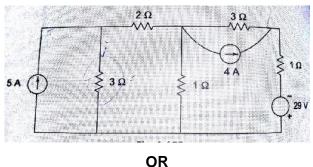
Time: 3 Hours

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)

- UNIT–I
- 1 a) Find the total equivalent capacitance, total energy stored if the applied voltage is 100V for the circuit as shown in Fig.



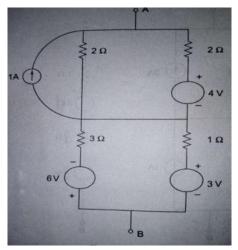
b) Write and solve the equation for mesh current in network.



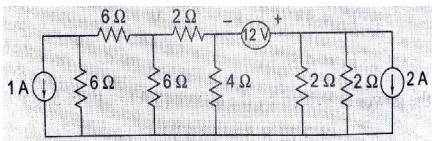
7M

7M

2. a) Using source transformation, reduce the network between A and B into an equivalent voltage source.



b) Find the power supplied by 12V source as shown in fig. below

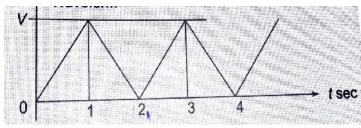


7M

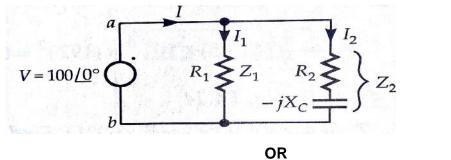
8M



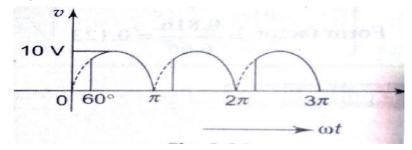
3. a) Find the form factor for the following waveform.



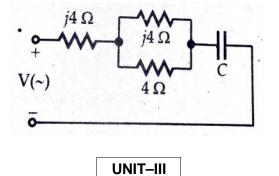
b) In below fig R₁=3 ohms, R₂=10 ohms, and $-jX_c=-j8$ ohms. Find I₁, I₂ and I. also obtain Z_{eq} across a-b.



4. a) The full wave rectified sine wave shown in below fig. has a delay angle of 60° . Calculate V_{avg} and V_{rms}.



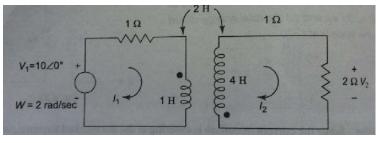
b) What should be the value of C such that the input power factor is unity for any frequency of the source?



6M

8M

- 5. a) Derive the expression for coefficient coupling between pair of magnetically coupled coils. 6M
 - b) Solve for the currents I_1 and I_2 in the circuit shown in Fig. Also, find the ratio of V_2/V_1 .



8M

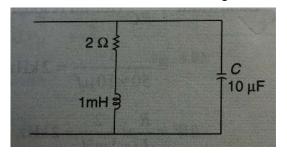
7M

7M

7M

6M

6. a) In the parallel resonant circuit, determine the resonance frequency, dynamic resistance and bandwidth for the circuit shown in Fig. 3.



b) In a series RLC circuit R=1K , L-120mH, and c=12 $\mu\mu$ F. If a voltage of 200V is applied across the combination, determine

i) Resonant frequency

ii)Q factor

- iii) Half Power Frequencies
- iv) Band width and
- v) The voltage across the inductance and the capacitance

UNIT–IV

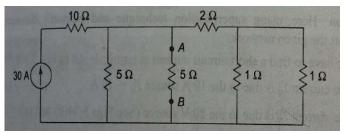
- A three phase balanced system supplies 110V to a delta connected load whose phase impedances are equal to (3.54+j3.54) ohm. Determine the line currents and draw the phasor diagram.
 - b) A star connected alternator supplies a delta connected load. The impedance of each branch is (6+j8) ohm. The line voltage is400V. Obtain the current in phase of the load. Also find the current in each phase of the alternator. What is the power drawn by the load and its power factor? Determine the reactive power of the load.

OR

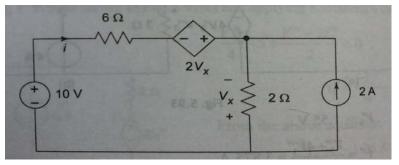
- 8. a) The phase impedance of a delta connected load is (15+j20) ohms. What is the line current if the applied line voltage is 220V? Obtain the amount of power consumed per phase. What is the phasor sum of the three line currents?
 - b) A star-connected alternator has 231V/Ph. It supplies a set of lighting loads at phase R, having phase impedance of 40∠0° ohms, a capacitive load of 10∠-60° ohm at phase Y and an inductive load of 5∠45° ohm at phase B. The loads are connected in delta. Obtain the phase currents, line currents and line voltages.



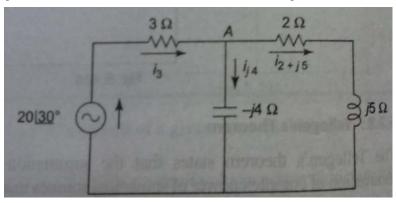
- 9. a) Explain the steps to apply Thevenin's theorem and draw the Thevenin's equivalent circuit.
 - b) Determine the current flowing through the 5ohms resistor in the circuit shown in Fig. by using Norton's theorem.



10. a) Find the current I in the circuit shown in Fig. using superposition theorem.



b) Verify Tellegen's theorem for the network shown in Fig



8M

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								U	IIT–I							
1.	a)	Explain the r											•		•	7M
	b)	Why do we sa	ay tha	at any	/ stud	y of t	he er			becc	omes	an ir	iterdisci	iplinar	y one?	7M
2.	a)	Why is there	a de	ener	al lac	k of r	oublia	OF awa		ess a	bout	envi	ronme	ntal is	ssues?	7M
_ .	b)	Explain the d	Ŭ											inter it		7M
	~)							•	IIT–II							
3.	a)	With a help of	f case	e stud	dy exp	olain	dam	const	ructio	on effe	ects o	on for	est and	l tribal	people	7M
	b)	Outline the c	confli	cts c	of floo	ds a	nd dı	rougl	nts o	ver w	vater	reso	urce.			7M
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4.	a)	Summarize					•									7M
	b)	Differentiate	betv	veen	tradi	tiona	al agr				oder	n ag	ricultur	e		7M
5.	a)	Explain food	l chai	in ar	nd foc	d we	⊧b.	UN	IT–II							7M
_	b)	Explain the						e up t	the tr	opic	level	s.				7M
	,	·	·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				OF		•						
6.	a)	Distinguish b							cons	ervat	ion.	Expl	ain the	adva	antages	71.4
	L)	and disadva	Ũ			• • •			al: a4 4	h a 44	1		:	a:1. /		7M
	b)	Explain the h	not s	pots	OT DI	Daive	ersity		aict t IT–IV		eats	on d	loaiver	sity.		7M
7.	a)	Explain the	sourc	es a	ind e	ffects	s of c				ution					7M
	b)	Explain the s								•						7M
	,	·						OF	R							
8.	a)	Explain caus	ses, e	effec	ts an	d coi	ntrol	mea	sures	s of u	ırban	soli	d waste	es.		7M
	b)	Explain caus	ses, e	effec	ts & (contr	ol me	easu	res s	oil po	ollutio	on				7M
0	-)								IIT–V							71.4
9.	a)	Write a note	,					,	•	ai wa	rmin	g				7M
	b)	Explain the p	oract	ice c	or rair	i wat	er na	arves OF	•							7M
10.	a)	Write a note	on v	alue	base	ed ec	lucat			ation	to er	viror	nment.			7M
	b)	Summarize	the s	alier	nt fea	tures	of th	ne Er	nviroi	nmer	ntal p	roted	ction ad	ct?		7M
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R-15R-15II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017Mathematical Methods-III (Common to EEE & ECE)Max. Marks: 70Time: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Iteme: 3 HoursItem: 3 HoursAnswer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)Item: 1 = 1 = -1 = -1Item: 1 = -1 = -1Item: 3 HoursA method is normal form and hence find its rankINTENTItem: 3 HoursA method solve5 $5 \times 3 y + 7 z = 4$, $3 \times + 26 y + 2 z = 9$, $7 \times + 2 y + 10 z = 5$ ORItem: 1 = -1 = 2Item: 1 = -1 = 2 <th colspa<="" th=""><th>Hall</th><th>Ticke</th><th>et Number :</th><th></th></th>	<th>Hall</th> <th>Ticke</th> <th>et Number :</th> <th></th>	Hall	Ticke	et Number :	
II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 2017 Mathematical Methods-III (Common to EEE & ECE) Max. Marks: 70 Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit $(5 \times 14 = 70 \text{ Marks})$	Code	• 5G	R-15		
Max. Marks: 70 Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit $\{5x 14 = 70 \text{ Marks}\}$ EXAMPLANCE 1. a) Reduce the following matrix into its normal form and hence find its rank $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ TM b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4, $3x + 26y + 2z = 9$, $7x + 2y + 10z = 5OR2. a) Solve 2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2 by Gauss eliminationmethod.TMb) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} and find itsinverse.3. a) Find a real root of the equation 3x = \cos x + 1 by Newton-Raphson methodcorrect to four decimal places.5. Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for x = 0.2 insteps of 0.1 if \frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2, given that y = 1, where x = 0.6.4. a) Find a root of the equation x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0, using the Bisection methodcorrect to three decimal places.7.6.7.$			n. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations Nov/Dec 201 Mathematical Methods-III	7	
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$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ TM b) Test for consistency and solve 5x + 3y + 7z = 4, 3x + 26y + 2z = 9, 7x + 2y + 10z = 5 M CR 2. a) Solve $2x - y + 3z = 9, x + y + z = 6, x - y + z = 2$ by Gauss elimination method. b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find its inverse. TM 3. a) Find a real root of the equation $3x = \cos x + 1$ by Newton-Raphson method correct to four decimal places. D) Apply Runge-Kutta method to find an approximate value of y for $x = 0.2$ in steps of 0.1 if $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$, given that $y = 1$, where $x = 0$. M 4. a) Find a root of the equation $x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$, using the Bisection method correct to three decimal places. D) Find by Taylor's series method the value of y at $x = 0.1$ and $x = 0.2$ to five decimal places from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2y - 1$, $y(0) = 1$. TM 5. a) Estimate the value of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following table by Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula: $\frac{x}{f(x)} \frac{20}{354} \frac{25}{332} \frac{291}{260} \frac{25}{231} \frac{204}{204}$ TM b) Use Simpson's (1/3) rd rule and Simpson's (3/8) rh rule to estimate $\int \frac{dx}{f(1 + x^2)}$	1	\sim			
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OR			OR		

6. a) Use Lagrange's Interpolation formula to estimate f(10) from the following table:

x	5	6	9	11
f(x)	12	13	14	16

7M

b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at x=1.1 from the following table:

9.

x	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	
У	7.989	8.403	8.781	9.129	9.451	9.750	10.031	7N
			UN	IIT–IV				

7. a) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data by the method of least squares:

x	0	1	2	3	4
У	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

b) Form the partial differential equations (by eliminating the arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions) from

$$(i)z = ax + by + a^2 + b^2$$
 and $(ii)z = f(x + ay) + g(x - ay)$ 7M

OR

8. a) Fit a curve $y = a e^{bx}$ to the following data by the method of least squares:

x	1	2	3	4
У	1.65	2.7	4.5	7.35

b) Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$ where $u(x,0) = 6 e^{-3x}$ by variable separable method. 7M

a) Obtain the Fourier series for the function
$$f(x) = x - x^2$$
 in the interval $[-f, f]$.
Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{f^2}{12}$. 7M

b) Find the Fourier sine transform of the function $f(x) = \frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$, a > 0. 7M

OR

10. a) Find the half-range Cosine series for the function $f(x) = (x-1)^2$ in the interval (0,1). Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{f^2}{6}$ 7M

b) Show that $e^{-\binom{x^2/2}{2}}$ is a self-reciprocal with respect to Fourier Transform. 7M

