	Tick	et Number :	
ode:		R-15	
	Mar	I B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019 <b>Electrical &amp; Mechanical Technology</b> ( Civil Engineering) rks: 70 Er all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( 5 x 14 = 70 Marks ) Use separate booklets for Part-A & Part-B ********	rs
		PART-A	
		UNIT–I	
1.	a)	Explain R, L, C parameters in detail.	6
	b)	Three resistance of 4 , 1 , 3 are connected in parallel and the combination is connected in series with 8 resistor. If the whole combination is connected across 220 V DC supply. Find the current flowing through each resistor.	8
		OR	
2.	a)	Explain the constructional details of a DC generator with neat diagram.	8
	b)	A 4 pole DC motor has lap connected armature winding. The flux per pole is 30 mWb. The number of armature conductors is 250. When connected to 220 V DC supply it draws an armature resistance of 40A. Calculate back e.m.f. and Speed with which motor is running. Assume $R_a$ =0.6	6
		UNIT–II	
3.	a)	Derive e.m.f. equation of a single phase transformer.	8
	b)	A single phase transformer has 300 primary and 1000 secondary turns. The primary is connected to 400V, 50Hz, AC supply. If the net cross sectional area of core is 50 cm <sup>2</sup> . Calculate	
		i. Maximum value of flux density in the core.	
		ii. Induced e.m.f. in secondary winding.	6
		OR	
4.	a)	Explain the principle of operation of alternator.	6
	b)	A 3- induction motor is wound for 4 poles and supplied from a 50 Hz supply. Determine	
		(i) Synchronous speed.	

- (i) Synchronous speed.(ii) Slip when rotor speed is 900 rpm.
- (iii) Rotor frequency at that slip.

# PART-B

## UNIT-III

5.	a)	List the advantages and disadvantages of a gas welding over arc welding process.	7M
	b)	Distinguish between welding, brazing and soldering?	7M
		OR	
6.	a)	What are the functions of coatings on shielded electrodes?	7M
	b)	Describe MIG welding process stating its advantages and limitations.	7M
		UNIT–IV	
7.	a)	What are the important basic components of an IC engine? Explain them briefly.	7M
	b)	Explain the working principle of a four stroke S.I. engine with the help of a neat sketch?	7M
		OR	
8.	a)	What are the characteristics of a good fuel supply system? Explain fuel supply system in petrol engine.	7M
	b)	Explain the working principle of a single stage reciprocating air compressor.	7M
		UNIT–V	
9.	a)	Discuss the properties of any three refrigerants used in refrigeration system.	7M
	b)	Explain the working of vapour compression refrigeration system and state its advantages and disadvantages?	7M
		OR	
10.	a)	Define air conditioning. Explain the factors affecting comfort air conditioning.	7M

b) Discuss the equipment used in air conditioning systems. 7M

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R-15Code: 5GC31II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019Engineering Mathematics-III(Common to CE & ME )Max. Marks: 70Imme: 3 HoursAnswer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)*********UNIT1. a) Test for consistency and solve $5x+3y+7z=4; 3x+26y+2z=9; 7x+2y+10z=5$ BMb) Show that the Eigen values of diagonal matrix are just the diagonal elements of the matrixOR01010In -3 -1110Imme: Status of the matrixOROR0In -2 0TMb) Investigate the values of and $\mu$ so that the equations2x+3y+5z=9; $7x+3y-2z=8; 2x+3y+z=\muhave (i) no solution (ii) a unique solution and (iii) an infinite number of solutions7MINT-II3. a) Find a root of the equation x^2 - 4x - 9 = 0 using bisection method correct to threedecimal placesMotion adjuster in the tableINT-IIIn the missing term in the tableINT-IIIn the Cubic polynomial which takes t$		Hal	I Ticket Number :								
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<ul> <li>5. Apply Fourth order Runge-Kutta Method to find an approximate value of y when x = 1.2 in step of 0.1, given that y' = x<sup>2</sup> + y<sup>2</sup>, y(1) = 1.5.</li> <li>6. Employ Taylor's method to obtain approximate value of y at x = 0.2 for the differential</li> </ul>		b)	Using Newton-Raphs	on Method	d, com	pute $\sqrt{4}$	1 correc	t to four	decimal p	laces	7M
step of 0.1, given that $y' = x^2 + y^2$ , $y(1) = 1.5$ . <b>OR</b> 6. Employ Taylor's method to obtain approximate value of y at $x = 0.2$ for the differential					ι	JNIT-III					
<b>OR</b> 6. Employ Taylor's method to obtain approximate value of y at $x = 0.2$ for the differential	5.			-			ind an ap	oproxima	te value	of y when $x = 1.2$ in	
6. Employ Taylor's method to obtain approximate value of y at $x = 0.2$ for the differential			step of 0.1, given that	$\mathbf{t} \mathbf{y}' = \mathbf{x}^2 + \mathbf{y}$	$y^{2}, y(1)$	1) = 1.5.					14M
						OR					
equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 3e^x y(0) = 0$ . Compare the numerical solution obtained with the exact	6.		Employ Taylor's me	thod to ob	otain	approxin	nate valu	ie of y	at $x=0.2$	2 for the differential	
$d\lambda$			equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x + 3e$	x y(0) = 0	. Com	npare th	e numer	ical solu	tion obta	ined with the exact	
solution 14M			solution								14M

UNIT–IV

7. Prove that 
$$x^2 = \frac{f^2}{3} + 4\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \cos nx}{n^2}, -f < x < f$$
.

Hence show that  $1 + C^2$ 

$$(i) \sum \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{f^2}{6}$$
  

$$(ii) \sum \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{f^2}{6}$$
  

$$(iii) \frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{f^2}{12}$$
  
OR

8. Find the half range sine and cosine series of f(x) = x in 0 < x < 2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{IAME Series of } f(x) = x \text{ in } 0 < x < 2 \\ \text{UNIT-V} \end{array}$$

9. a) Apply C-R conditions to  $f(z) = z^2$  and show that the function is analytic everywhere. 7M

b) Evaluate 
$$\int_{c} \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-3)} dz$$
 with C:  $|z| = 2$  using Cauchy's Integral Formula 7M

10. a) Using Cauchy's Integral Formula  $\int_{c} \frac{\sin^2 z}{\left(z - \frac{f}{6}\right)^3} dz$  Evaluate where C is Unit Circle.

OR

b) If  $u = x^2 + y^2$ , find harmonic conjugate v(x, y) and write the corresponding complex potential f(z) = u + iv 7M

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Hall Ticket Number :						D 15
						K-15

### Code: 5G633

II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019

## Fluid Mechanics

(Civil Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

4.

Time: 3 Hours

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$  Marks)

## UNIT–I

- a) A velocity profile of a flowing fluid over a flat plate is parabolic and given by u = ay<sup>2</sup> + by + c where a, b and c are constants. The velocity of fluid is 1.2 m/s at 20 cm from the plate which the vertex point of the velocity distribution. Find out the velocity gradients and shear stresses at y = 0,10 and 20 cm respectively.
  - b) Write short notes on micro manometers.

## OR

2. A solid cylinder of diameter 4.0 m has a height of 4.0 m. Find the meta-centric height of the cylinder if the specific gravity of the material of cylinder = 0.6 and it is floating in water with its axis vertical. State whether the equilibrium is stable or unstable.

## UNIT–II

- 3. a) What are the different forms of energy in a flowing fluid? Represent schematically the Bernoulli's equation for flow through a tapering pipe and show the position of total energy line and the datum line.
  - b) What is a flow net? Give it uses.

## OR

The velocity components in a two-dimensional flow are

$$u = y^3/3 + 2x - x^2y$$
 and  $v = xy^2 - 2y - x^3/3$ .

Show that these components represent a possible case of an irrational flow.

## UNIT–III

5. A pumping station supplying water to a town of the one lac population is located at 5 km from the town. The water required is 200 L/per person/day. Half of the required water is to be supplied within 5 hrs. The loss in friction is limited to 25 m of water. Determine the diameter of the pipe required.

#### OR

6. What is venturimeter? Also derive the expression to find the rate of flow through a venturimeter.

## UNIT–IV

7. When do you call the boundaries as hydro dynamically smooth and rough?

#### OR

A laminar flow is taking place in a pipe of diameter 200 mm. The maximum velocity is 1.5 m/s. Find the mean velocity and the radius at which this occurs. Also calculate the velocity at 4 cm from the wall of the pipe.

## UNIT–V

- 9. a) What are Model laws?
  - b) Explain Rayleigh's method.

#### OR

- 10. a) State Buckingham's  $\pi$  theorem. What do you mean by repeating variables? How are the repeating variables selected in dimensional analysis?
  - b) The discharge through a weir is 1.5 m<sup>3</sup>/s. Find the discharge through the model of the weir if the horizontal dimension of the model =  $\frac{1}{40}$  the horizontal dimension of the prototype and vertical dimension of the model =  $\frac{1}{12}$  the vertical dimension of the prototype.

Hall Ticket Number :												
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### Code: 5G631

II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019

## Strength of Materials–I

(Civil Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours

R-15

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14 = 70$  Marks)



- 1. a) Define poisons ratio. Why its value lies between 0 and 1/2 for stable materials.
  - b) Two layers of carbon fiber are stuck to each other, so that their fibres lie at 90° to each other, as shown in Figure. If a tensile force of 1 kN were applied to this two-layer compound bar, determine the stresses in each. For layer 1,  $E_1 = 300$  GPa and  $A_1 = 10$  mm<sup>2</sup> For layer 2,  $E_2 = 50$  GPa and  $A_2 = A1 = 10$  mm<sup>2</sup>.

10M

4M

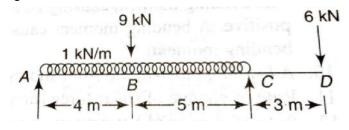
10M

4M

#### OR

- 2. a) Define strain energy. Calculate strain energy for a specimen in simple tension test.
  - b) What change in volume would a 20 cm cube of steel suffer at a depth of 4 km in sea water? Take E=200Gpa, and poisons ratio=0.29. Density of sea water=1.02g/cc.

3. a) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram for the beam shown below indicating salient features.



10M

4M

b) Classify the beams based on support reactions with neat diagram.

OR

- a) Indicate the shapes of the shear force and bending moment diagrams in case of UDL and for triangular loads.
   4M
  - b) A cantilever beam carries a distributed load the intensity of which varies linearly from 10kN/m at the fixed end to 5kN/m at the free end along with point load of 2kN at free end. Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams.

## UNIT–III

- 5. a) State the assumptions made in the theory of Euler-Bernouli beam.
  - b) A cast iron pipe of 200mm internal diameter and 220mm external diameter is supported at two ends 8m apart. Determine the maximum stress in the pipe material when it runs full. The density of the cast iron is 70kN/m<sup>3</sup> and of water 9.81kN/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### OR

6. Derive the expression for shear stress distribution in solid circular beam. Obtain the ratio between the maximum and average shear stress.

## UNIT–IV

- 7. a) A beam of length 6m is simply supported at its ends and carries two point loads of 36kN and 40kN at a distance of 1m and 3m respectively from the left support. Find the deflection under each load and maximum deflection using Macaulay's functions.
  - b) What are Macaulay's functions? State their significance in deflections of beams.
     4M

#### OR

8. An overhang beam with equal overhangs of 1m is loaded with two point loads of 40kN each at the ends of the beam. Length of the beam is 4m. EI=5100 kN-m<sup>2</sup>. Use moment area method to find the deflection at the midspan C and at the free end D of the overhang beam.

## UNIT-V

- 9. a) Define state of stress at a point. What is the significance of principal stresses? 4M
  - b) State of stress at point is given as  $\sigma_x = 4MPa$ ,  $\sigma_y = 2MPa$  and  $\tau = -7Mpa$ . Draw the Mohr's circle and hence deduce principal stresses and maximum shear stress. Find also the inclinations of principal planes. 10M

#### OR

- 10. a) State maximum strain theory of failure and draw the failure envelop with neat diagram indicating salient points.
   10M
  - b) Maximum principal stress theory is used for designing of brittle materials preferably. Comment.
     4M

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10M

4M

14M

10M

|--|

### Code: 5G632

II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019

## Surveying

(Civil Engineering)

### Max. Marks: 70

Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( 5 x 14 = 70 Marks )

## UNIT–I

1. Explain about classification of surveying

#### OR

2. The following bearings are the bearings observed in traversing, with a compass, an area where local attraction was suspected. Calculate the interior angles of the traverse and correct them?

Line	FB	BB
AB	150º0'	330°0'
BC	230º30 <sup>°</sup>	48º0'
CD	306º15 <sup>°</sup>	127º45 <sup>′</sup>
DE	298º0'	120º0'
EA	49º30'	229 <sup>0</sup> 30 <sup>′</sup>
	UNIT–II	

3. The following readings were obtained in running a line of fly levels from a B.M of elevation 162.350. From the position of the instrument, 6 pegs at 20 mm intervals are to be set out on a uniform falling gradient of 1 in 50. The first peg is to have a RL of 162.220. Work out the staff readings required for setting the tops of the pegs on the given gradient and enter the result in a level book form.

Fore sight         2.325         1.575         2.340         1.855         1           OR         OR										
Fore sight 2.325 1.575 2.340 1.855										
Back sight	2.850	1.690	2.075	1.720	0.955					

4. The following offsets were taken at 15 m intervals from a survey line to an irregularly boundary line: 3.50, 4.30, 6.75, 5.25, 7.5, 8.80, 7.90, 6.40, 4.40 and 3.25 m. Calculate the area enclosed between the survey line, the irregular boundary line, and the first and last offsets by trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule.

ι	JNI	11
-		 

- 5. a) Explain about Gale's traverse table
  - b) Explain about Temporary and permanent adjustments of vernier transit theodolite 7M

#### OR

 a) Write the desired relations between fundamental lines and enumerate the permanent adjustments of vernier transit theodolite. Explain the temporary adjustments

14M

14M

R-15

Time: 3 Hours

7M 7M

7M

7M

7M

Code: 5G632

b) A straight tunnel is to be run between two points A and B whose independent coordinates are:

Station	Northing	Easting
A	0	0
В	3014	256
С	1764	1398

It is desired to sink a shaft at D, the mid-point of AB. It is not possible to measure along AB directly. Therefore, D is to be fixed from C, another point whose independent coordinates are known. Calculate the:

- (i) Independent coordinates of D
- (ii) Length of bearing of CD
- (iii) Angles ACD, given the W.C.B of AC is 38°35'.

## UNIT–IV

- 7. a) List out the methods of plane table surveying
  - b) The bearing of the sides of traverse ABCDE are given below. Compute the interior angles of the traverse.

Line Fore bearing Back bearing									
AB	110 <sup>0</sup> 15 <sup>′</sup>	290º15 <sup>°</sup>							
BC	35 <sup>0</sup> 15 <sup>′</sup>	215 <sup>0</sup> 15 <sup>°</sup>							
CD	CD 276º30' 96º30'								
DE	DE 195º30' 15º30'								
EA 131º15' 312º15'									
	OR								

- 8. a) What is the principle of stadia tacheometry? Derive distance equation for staff vertical condition?
  - b) The following observations are made on a vertical held staff:

Station	R.L. (m)	H.I (m)	Coordin stati		Staff station	Vertical angle	Bearing	Stadia hair readings
A	1020.60	1.50	1800 N	800 E	Р	+8º12 <sup>°</sup>	15º12	1.100, 1.850, 2.600
В	1021.21	1.53	2500 N	950 E	Q	+2 <sup>0</sup> 11 <sup>′</sup>	340º21 <sup>°</sup>	

The instrument is fitted with an anallactic lens and the instrument constant is 100. Compute the gradient from point P to point Q and bearing of PQ

### UNIT–V

- 9. a) What are the elements of a simple circular curve? What are unit chord and sub chord?
  - b) A circular curve has a 200 m radius and 65<sup>o</sup> deflection angle. Find (i) Degree of the curve (ii) Length of the curve (iii) Tangent length (iv) Length of long chord (v) Apex distance and (vi) Mid-ordinate
     7M

0	R

10. What are the characteristics and functions of a Total Station? Enumerate the parts of a Total station Instrument with a neat sketch. 14M

7M

7M

7M

Hall	Tick	et Number :	,
Code	· 50	R-14	5
Coue	30	II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations May 2019	
		Building Materials and Construction	
		( Civil Engineering )	
		arks: 70 er all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( 5 x 14 = 70 Marks ********	
		UNIT–I	
1.	a)	What are the qualities of good building stones? Discuss them	7N
	b)	Describe the process of blasting?	7N
		OR	
2.	a)	Write about dressing of stone.	7N
	b)	What are the precautions to be taken while dressing a stone? Explain.	7M
3.	2)	<b>UNIT–II</b> Write Methods of manufacture of lime?	7N
5.	a) b)	List out the constituents of limestone. Explain the importance of each	7N
	D)	OR	7 10
4.	a)	What are the different types of tiles?	7N
	b)	State the general properties and importance of glass.	7M
	~)		
_		UNIT-III	
5.	a)	What is seasoning of timber	4M
	b)	Explain the classification of wood used in buildings in detail?	10M
•	、	OR	
6.	a)	Explain decay of timber.	4M
	b)	Discuss about alternative materials for wood.	10M
		UNIT–IV	
7.	a)	Explain the difference between English and Flemish bond?	7M
	b)	Explain about Rubble and Ashlar masonry?	7N
	,	OR	
8.		List various types of foundations and Explain them?	14M
		UNIT-V	
9.	a)	List different types of roofs?	4M
	b)	Explain king post truss with a neat sketch	10M
		OR	
10.	a)	What is damp proofing? Discuss the materials used.	4N
	b)	Explain the following items in case of staircases (i) Balustrade (ii) Handrail (iii) soffit (iv) pitch and (v) Rise and Tread	10M
		***	