Code: 7G632
II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations March/April 2023
Fluid Mechanics
(Civil Engineering)
Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five full questions by choosing $\underset{* * * * * * * *}{\text { one }}$ question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )

## UNIT-I

1. A tank is constructed of a series of cylinders having diameter of $1.8 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{~m}$ as shown below fig. The tank contains oil, water and glycerin and a mercury manometer is attached to its bottom as shown below. Calculate the manometer reading h if specific gravities of oil, glycerin and mercury are $0.9,1.3$ and 13.6 respectively.


OR
2. State Pascal's law. Derive the equation for the same.

UNIT-II
3. Define and distinguish between stream line, path line and streak line.

OR
4. State the momentum equation. Explain how we will apply momentum equation for determining the force exerted by a flowing liquid on a pipe bend.

## UNIT-III

5. Derive Darcy-Weisbach equation for turbulent flows.

OR
6. a) Classify the various types of orifice?
b) A square orifice 1.5 m long is provided in a tank. The water level on one side of the orifice is 1 m above the top edge of the orifice and 0.5 m below the top edge on the other side of the orifice. Find the discharge through the orifice, if $\mathrm{Cd}=0.64$

## UNIT-IV

7. a) Explain about Reynolds Experiment with the help of a neat sketch.
b) Write the characteristics of the laminar and turbulent flows.

## OR

8. The two reservoirs with surface level difference of 20 m are to be connected by 1 m dia pipe 6 km long. Calculate the discharge when a cast iron pipe of roughness $\mathrm{k}=0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ is used. What will be the percentage increase in discharge if cast iron pipe were to be replaced by steel pipe of roughness $\mathrm{k}=0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$. neglect local losses

## UNIT-V

9. a) Define the terms: model, prototype, model analysis, hydraulic similitude
b) A $1 / 50$ model of spillway was made and test was conducted with a water flow rate of $3 \mathrm{~m}^{3} / \mathrm{s}$. The water velocity was found to be $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Estimate the water flow rate and velocity of the prototype.

## OR

10. a) Explain distorted and undistorted models.
b) Water is flowing through a pipe of diameter 30 cm at a velocity of $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the velocity of oil flowing in another pipe of diameter 10 cm if the condition of dynamic similarity is satisfied between the two pipes. The viscosity of water and oil is given as 0.01 poise and 0.025 poise. Take ' $G$ ' of oil as 0.8 .

II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations March/April 2023

# Strength of Materials 

(Civil Engineering)
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five full questions by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )
$* * * * * * * * *$

## UNIT-I

1. A steel tie rod 20 mm diameter is encased in a copper tube of external dia. of 36 mm and internal diameter of 24 mm with the help of washers and nuts. The nut on the tie rod is tightened and the assembly is subjected to a tensile load of 20 kN . The temperature of the assembly is now raised to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Determine the resultant stresses in the rod and the tube. Take Es=210GPa, Ec=100 GPa, $\alpha_{s}=11 \times 10^{-6} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $\alpha_{c}=18 \times 10^{-6} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## OR

2. Define stress and explain the different types of stress.

## UNIT-II

3. Draw the shear force \& bending moment diagram for the simply supported beam carrying a central point load.

## OR

4. Draw shear force and bending moment diagram for the beam shown below. Mark all salient values on them. Comment on point of contra flexure.


## UNIT-III

5. A beam of size 150 mm wide, 250 mm deep carries a uniformly distributed load of $\mathrm{wkN} / \mathrm{m}$ over entire span of 4 m . A concentrated load 1 kN is acting at a distance of 1.2 m from the left support. If the bending stress at a section 1.8 m from the left support is not to exceed $3.25 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm} 2$ find the load w

## OR

6. Derive the expression for the shear stress in circular section of radius $R \&$ also derive the maximum \& average shear stress.

## UNIT-IV

7. A simply supported beam of span 8.0 m is carrying a point load of 45 kN at the centre in addition to self-weight of $3 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}$. Determine the maximum slope and maximum deflection. Take $\mathrm{EI}=1 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{kN}-\mathrm{m}$

## OR

8. Obtain an expression for normal and tangential stresses on an inclined plane when an element subjected to bi-axial direct stresses. Also obtain the expressions for resultant stress and their direction

## UNIT-V

9. A rectangular block of a material is subjected to a tensile stress of $100 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ on one plane and a tensile stress of $47 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ on a plane right angle to the earlier, together with a shear stress of $63 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ on all the planes. Determine i) the magnitude of principal stresses ii) the orientation of principal planes and iii) the maximum shear stress. Use analytical method only.

## OR

10. Derive the expression for maximum principal strain theory

Hall Ticket Number :

## Code: 7G634

# || B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations March/April 2023 

## Surveying

(Civil Engineering)
Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 Hours
Answer any five full questions by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )
*********
Marks

## UNIT-I

1. Describe the different types of chains used in survey indicate the relative advantages of each.

OR
2. Define the following:
a) Whole circle bearing and reduced bearing,
b) Fore bearing and back bearing
c) True meridian and magnetic meridian,
d) Magnetic declination.
e) Dip of the magnetic needle, and
f) Local attraction.

## UNIT-II

3. Define the following: datum surface, line of collimation, reduced level, bench mark, change point, and parallax.

## OR

4. The following perpendicular offsets were taken from a chain line to a hedge:

| Distance (m) - 0.00 | 5.00 | 10.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 | 40.00 | 50.00 | 65.00 | 80.00 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Offset $(\mathrm{m})$ | - | 3.40 | 4.25 | 2.60 | 3.70 | 2.90 | 1.80 | 3.20 | 4.50 | 3.70 |
| 2.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Calculate the area by: a. Trapezoidal rule, and b. Simpson's rule.

## UNIT-III

5. The lengths and bearings of the sides of a closed traverse are represented below along with the latitudes and departures of known sides. Determine the bearing of $A B$ and length of $C D$.

| Line | Length(m) | Bearing | Latitude | Departure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AB | 725.0 |  | -- | -- |
| BC | 1060.0 | N62 ${ }^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ | +498.45 | +940.24 |
| CD | L | N37 ${ }^{\circ} 36{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{E}$ | -- | -- |
| DE | 945.0 | S55 ${ }^{\circ} 18$ 'W | -537.99 | -776.92 |
| EA | 577.2 | S2 ${ }^{0} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ | -576.63 | -26.85 |

OR
6. a) How is the closing error in a traverse balanced?
b) Describe the process of measuring the horizontal angle.

## UNIT-IV

7. A tacheometer fitted with an anallatic lens and having a multiplying constant of 100 was set up at $R$ which is an intermediate point on a traverse leg AB. The following readings were taken with the staff held vertically.

| Staff section | Bearing | Vertical angle | Intercept | Axial Hair reading |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $40^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ | $-4^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$ | 2.21 | 1.99 |
| B | $22^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$ | $-5^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$ | 2.02 | 1.90 |

Calculate the length $A B$ and the level difference between $A$ and $B$.

## OR

8. What is a two-point problem? Explain with a neat sketch the procedure of solving a two-point problem in plane table surveying.

## UNIT-V

9. Draw a neat sketch of a circular curve and show the following notations there on:
a) Back tangent
b) forward tangent
c) Point of commencement
d) Point of tangency
e) Point of intersection
f) Angle of deflection
g) Angle of intersection
h) Long chord
i) Apex distance and
j) Versed sine of curve
10. Explain the different methods of overcoming the difficulties in setting out circular curves.

# Hall Ticket Number 

## Code: 7G631

|| B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations March/April 2023

## Building Materials \& Construction

(Civil Engineering)
Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five full questions by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )
$* * * * * * * * *$
Marks
UNIT-I

1. Write the properties of building stones and their structural requirements.

OR
2. a) Briefly describe dressing of stone and preservation of stone?
b) Write the standards for good quality of bricks.


## OR

4. a) Enumerate the properties of aluminum?
b) Explain the ingredients of Cement? 7M
5. a) Describe various parts of exogenous tree at any cross-section. 8M
b) Explain different methods of seasoning with advantages and disadvantages? 6M

OR
6. a) Explain the seasoning of timber? 7 M
b) Give the defects in timber? 7M

## UNIT-IV

7. Draw and explain the plan and elevation of a one and a half brick wall in English bond 14M

## OR

8. Explain different types of shallow foundations used for different structures, in various conditions, with neat diagrams.

## UNIT-V

9. a) Explain about the king post truss with a neat sketch?
b) Write down the structural component of a building and explain each in brief
10. a) State briefly the requirements of a good staircase. ..... 7M
b) Explain raft foundation with a sketch ..... 7M

## Code: 7GC32

II B.Tech. I Semester Supplementary Examinations March/April 2023

## Engineering Mathematics-III

(Common to All Branches)
Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70
Answer any five full questions by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )
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## UNIT-I

1. Use Milne's method to find $y(0.3)$ from $y^{\prime}=x^{2}+y^{2} y(0)=1$. Find the intial values $y(-0.1), y(0.1), y(0.2)$ from the Taylors series method.

OR
2. Find a real root of the equation $3 x=\cos x+1$ by Newton-Raphson's method correct to four decimal places.

## UNIT-II

3. The following table of values of $x$ and $y$ is given.

| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 6.9897 | 7.4036 | 7.7815 | 8.1291 | 8.4510 | 8.7506 | 9.0309 |

Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$ and $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}$ at $\mathrm{x}=6$

## OR

4. Estimate the value of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following table by Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula.

| $x$ | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 354 | 332 | 291 | 260 | 231 | 204 |
| UNIT-III |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## OR

6. 

Solve $\frac{\partial^{2} u}{\partial x^{2}}-2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}=0$

## UNIT-IV

7. Find the Fourier series to represent $f(x)=|x|$ when $-\pi<x<\pi$ and deduce that

$$
\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{5^{2}}+\ldots=\frac{\pi^{2}}{8}
$$

8. Find the half range cosine series for the function $f(x)=x$, when $0<x<\pi$ hence show that $\frac{1}{1^{2}}+\frac{1}{3^{2}}+\frac{1}{5^{2}}+\ldots=\frac{\pi^{2}}{8}$

## UNIT-V

9. If $F(s)$ is the complex Fourier transform of $f(x)$ then prove that

$$
F\{f(a x)\}=\frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right), a \neq 0
$$

## OR

10. 

Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-|x|}$. Hence show that $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin m x}{1+x^{2}} d x=\frac{\pi}{2} e^{-m}, m>0$


