## Code: 4G344

II B.Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations October 2020
Field Theory and Transmission Lines
( Electronics and Communication Engineering )
Max. Marks: $70 \quad$ Time: 3 Hours
Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )

## UNIT-I

1. a) Compute the expression for electricfield due to line charge distributions?
b) Point charges 5 nC and -2 nC are located at $(2,0,4)$ and $(-3,0,5)$, respectively .
i) Determine the force on a 1 nC point charge located at $(1,-3,7)$.
ii) Find the electric field $E$ at $(1,-3,7)$

## OR

2. a) State and prove Gauss's law .Express Gauss's law in both integral and differential forms. and also discuss the salient features and limitations of Gauss's law
b) Obtain the expression for the field and the potential due to a small electric dipole
oriented along

## UNIT-II

3. a) Derive the equation for Continuity equation and relaxation time
b) A parallel plate capacitor with free space between the plates is connected to a constant source an voltage .Determine how electro static energy wE, capacitance $C$, total charge $Q$ and surface charge density $\rho_{s}$ change as dielectric of $\epsilon_{r}=2$ is inserted between the plates.

OR
4. a) Derive an equation of polarization ' $p$ ' in dielectric materials
b) Derive Poisson's and Laplace's equations starting from Gauss's law 7M

## UNIT-III

5. a) State and derive Biot-Savart's law? Is Magnetostatic field conservative discuss, hence obtain M.E for divergence of magnetic field?
b) A current element of length 2 cm is located at the origin in free space and carries current 12 mA along $\mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{z}}$, a filamentary current of $15 \mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{z}}$, is located along $\mathrm{x}=3, \mathrm{y}=4$. Find the force on a current filament?

## OR

6. a) What is magnetic energy? Derive energy stored in Magnetostatic field?

8M
b) Given the magnetic vectct? Deritial $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{vm}}=\left(-\rho^{2} / 4\right) \mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{z}} \mathrm{wb} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ ? Calculate the total magnetic
flux crossing the surface $\boldsymbol{\Phi}=\boldsymbol{p}=\boldsymbol{m} / 2,1<\rho<2 \mathrm{~m}, 0<\mathrm{Z}<5 \mathrm{~m}$ ?

## UNIT-IV

7. a) For conducting medium derive expressions for $\dot{\alpha}$ and ${ }_{\beta}$ ? 7M
b) State and prove pointing theorem. 7M

OR
8. a) Derive expression for reflection and transmission coefficients of an EM wave when it is incident normally on a dielectric.

b) Distinguish between good conductors and good dielectrics. explain the wave
propagation in good dielectrics

## UNIT-V

9. a) Explain how quarter wave transformer is used for load matching and impedance measurement of a transmission line?

b) An open wire transmission line having characteristic impedance $600 \Omega$ is terminated by a
resistive load of $900 \Omega$. Design single stub matched transmission line.

## OR

10. a) Why stub matching is used? Explain the double stub matching for transmission lines 7M
b) Explain Smith chart and its applications?

## Code: 4GC41

# || B.Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations October 2020 <br> Mathematics-III 

( Common to EEE \& ECE )
Max. Marks: 70
Time: 3 Hours
Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ( $5 \times 14=70$ Marks )

## UNIT-I

1. a) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} x^{2}\left(\log \frac{1}{x}\right)^{3} d x$
b) If $\sin (\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{i} \mathrm{B})=\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{iy}$, prove that (i) $\frac{x^{2}}{\cosh ^{2} B}+\frac{y^{2}}{\sinh ^{2} B}=1$, (ii) $\frac{x^{2}}{\sin ^{2} A}-\frac{y^{2}}{\cos ^{2} A}=1$

## OR

2. a) Show that $\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin ^{2} \theta \cos ^{4} \theta d \theta=\frac{\pi}{32}$
b) Separate into real and imaginary parts for $f(z)=\operatorname{tanz}$
3. Prove that the function $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{z})$ defined by $f(z)=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}\frac{x^{3}(1+i)-y^{3}(1-i)}{x^{2}+y^{2}}, z \neq 0 \\ 0, & z=0\end{array}\right.$ is continuous and the $C-R$ equations are satisfied at the origin. Yet $f^{1}(0)$ does not exist.

OR
4. Find the analytic $f(z)=u+i v$, if $u-v=\frac{\cos x+\sin x-e^{-y}}{2 \cos x-e^{y}-e^{-y}}$ and $f(\pi / 2)=0$

## UNIT-III

5. a) State and prove Cauchy's theorem.
b) Find the Taylor's expansion of $f(z)=\frac{2 z^{3}+1}{z^{2}+z}$ about the point $z=i$.

## OR

6. a) If $f(z)$ is analytic inside a circle $C$ with centre at $a$, then for z inside $C$ prove that
$f(z)=f(a)+f^{\prime}(a)(z-a)+\frac{f^{\prime \prime}(a)}{2!}(z-a)^{2}+----+\frac{f^{n}(a)}{n!}(z-a)^{n}+----$
b) Derive Cauchy's integral formula.

## UNIT-IV

7. a) Determine the poles of the function $\frac{z^{2}+1}{z^{2}-2 z}$ and the residue at each pole
b) Use Rouche's theorem to show that the equation $z^{5}+15 z+1=0$ has one root in the disc $|z|<\frac{3}{2}$ and four roots in the annulus $\frac{3}{2}<|z|<2$.

OR
8. a) Evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{z-3}{z^{2}+2 z+5} d z$, where c is the circle $(i)|z|=1,(i i)|z+1-i|=2$
b) state and prove Argument Principle

## UNIT-V

9. Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $z=1, i,-1$ onto the points $w=i, 0,-i$. Hence find (a) the image of $|z|<1$,

OR
10. Show that the transformation effected by an analytic function $w=f(z)$ is conformal at every point of the Z-plane where $f^{\prime}(z) \neq 0$.

