| | all Ticket Number : | R-20 | | |
|---------|--|---------|----------|-----|
| Co | de: 20A543T II B.Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations December 2 | 023 | | |
| | Operating Systems | 020 | | |
| | (Common to CSE, AI&DS and AI&ML) | | | |
| Mc | Ix. Marks: 70 Time | э: 3 Но | Urs | |
| Not | e: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) | | | |
| | 2. In Part-A, each question carries Two marks . | | | |
| | 3. Answer ALL the questions in Part-A and Part-B PART-A | | | |
| | (Compulsory question) | | | |
| 1. Ans | wer ALL the following short answer questions $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ M})$ | С | о в | L |
| a) Wł | nat are Operating system Services? | C | 01 L | 1 |
| b) Ex | plain Critical Section problem. | C | 02 L | 2 |
| c) De | fine mutual exclusion in deadlock prevention | C | 03 L | 1 |
| d) Lis | t various Disk-Scheduling Algorithms. | C | 04 L | 1 |
| e) Illu | strate the structure of an operating system's I/O subsystem | C | 05 L | 2 |
| | PART-B | | | |
| Α | nswer <i>five</i> questions by choosing one question from each unit (5 x 12 = 60 | | - | |
| | UNIT–I | Marks | CO | BL |
| 2 a) | Explain the purpose of all types of system calls and discuss | | | |
| Ζ. αj | the calls related to Process Control, device management and | | | |
| | communications in detail. | 6M | CO1 | L2 |
| b) | Discuss the following CPU scheduling algorithms with an | | | |
| | example: (i) Round Robin (ii) Priority. | 6M | CO1 | L2 |
| | OR | | | |
| 3. a) | Explain about Operating System operations. | 6M | CO1 | L2 |
| b) | List various computer systems Architectures and compare | | | |
| | them. | 6M | CO1 | L2 |
| | UNIT–II | | | |
| 4. a) | Explain multithreaded server architecture and various | | | |
| | multithreading models. | 6M | CO2 | L2 |
| b) | State the dining philosopher's problem and show how to | | | |
| | allocate the several resources among several processes in a deadlock and starvation free manner. | 6M | <u> </u> | 1.2 |
| | | | CO2 | LJ |
| | UN | | | |

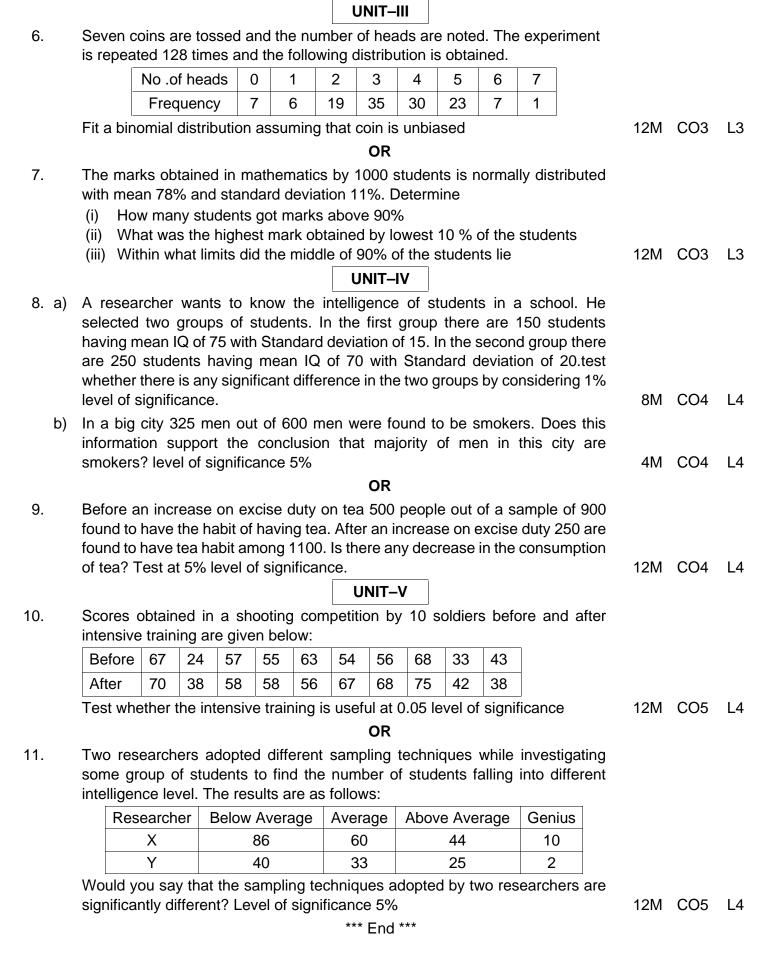
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| 5. | a) | Describe the Readers-Writers Problem. Find the solution for Readers-Writers Problem using Semaphores concept. | еM | 000 | |
|-----|----|---|------|-----|----|
| | | | | CO2 | |
| | b) | Explain the syntax and semantics of monitor. | 6M | CO2 | L2 |
| | | UNIT–III | | | |
| 6. | a) | Use Banker's algorithm briefly explains the deadlock avoidance with a suitable example. | 6M | CO3 | L3 |
| | b) | What is deadlock recovery? Explain various methods of deadlock recovery. | 6M | CO3 | L2 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 7. | a) | Illustrate the importance of Demand paging in memory management? Take any example for illustration. | 6M | CO3 | L2 |
| | b) | Explain external fragmentation. In which memory | 6М | 000 | |
| | | management technique it occurs? Explain the solution for it. UNIT-IV | OIVI | CO3 | L2 |
| 8. | a) | Write short notes on | | | |
| | | i. File Access Methods ii. File Operations | 6M | CO4 | L2 |
| | b) | Briefly discuss about the various directory structures. | 6M | CO4 | L2 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 9. | a) | A Work Queue is as: 23, 89, 132, 42, 187. There are 200 cylinders numbered from $0 - 199$. The disk head starts at number 100 and moves forward. Calculate the total head movement for the following algorithms: i) FCFS ii)SSTF | | | |
| | | iii)SCAN iv)LOOK v)C-SCAN | 8M | CO4 | L3 |
| | b) | Distinguish between sequential and direct file access methods | 4M | CO4 | L2 |
| 10. | a) | UNIT–V Demonstrate Goals of Protection. | 6M | CO5 | L3 |
| | b) | Explain the following system threats | | | |
| | | i) Worms ii) Viruses iii) Denial of service. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 11. | a) | Write about Computer Security classifications. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | b) | Explain the common approaches for authenticating a user identity. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | | *** End *** | | | |

*** End ***

| | | mber: | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|----------------|-----------|---------|-------------|-------|------|
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| | | | | robab | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (C | | n to CE | - | | | | | L) | | | |
| | Max. Marks: 70 | (0 | | | _,, | 001, | | | | , | Time: 3 | Hours | |
| | | | | | *** | ***** | | | | | | | |
| | Note: 1. Question | - | | | - | | | nd Pa i | rt-B) | | | | |
| | 2. In Part- | | - | | | | | D | | | | | |
| | 3. Answer | ALL t | he ques | tions in | | | Part | -В | | | | | |
| | | | | | | RT-A | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | - | ory qu | | | | | | | |
| | Answer ALL the f | | - | | - | | | | = 10M | , | | CO | BL |
| a) | Define Correlation coefficient of corr | | | o variab | les. A | lso wr | te th | e forn | nula fo | r Karl | Pearson's | CO1 | L1 |
| b) | Two dice are thro | wn. Let | t A be th | ne event | that t | he sum | of th | ne poir | nts on tl | ne face | s is 9. Let | | |
| | B be the event th | at at lea | ast one | number | is 6.F | ind (i) l | P(A | B) (ii)F | P(AUB) | | | CO2 | L3 |
| c) | What is Binomia | l distrib | oution fu | inction? | Write | the fo | ormula | ae for | mean | and va | ariance of | | |
| | Binomial distribut | ion. | | | | | | | | | | CO3 | L1 |
| d) | A random sample | | | | | | on of | 5.wha | t can y | ou say | about the | | |
| | maximum error o | | | | | | | | | | | CO4 | L3 |
| e) | For F -distributior | n , find I | F _{0.05} with | ר v₁ =7 a | | | | | | | | CO5 | L3 |
| | | | | | | ART-B | | | | | | | |
| | Answer <i>five</i> q | uestion | ns by ch | noosing | one | questic | on fro | om ea | ch unit | (5 x 1 | | - | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Marks | s CO | BL |
| | | | | | U | NIT-I | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Find mean , m | nedian a | and mod | de for th | e follo | wing d | ata: | | | | | | |
| | Class | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-4 | 0 40- | 50 4 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-8 | 0 | | |
| | interval | 0.10 | 10 20 | 20 00 | | | | | 0010 | 100 | | | |
| | Frequency | 5 | 8 | 7 | 12 | 28 | 3 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 12N | 1 CO1 | I L3 |
| | | | | | | OR | | | | | | | |
| 3. | From the follo | wing da | ata calcu | ulate the | rank | correla | tion o | coeffic | ient | | | | |
| | X | 48 3 | 3 40 | 9 | 16 | 16 | 65 | 24 | 16 క | 57 | | | |
| | Y | 13 1 | 3 24 | 6 | 15 | 4 | 20 | 9 | 6 ′ | 19 | 12N | I CO1 | I L3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | U | II–TIV | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Suppose a co | ntinuou | is rando | om varia | ble X | has the | e prot | bability | / densit | y funct | ion | | |
| | $f(x) = K(1-x^2) f(x)$ | or 0 <x<< td=""><td>1, and f</td><td>(x)=0 otl</td><td>herwis</td><td>se.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></x<<> | 1, and f | (x)=0 otl | herwis | se. | | | | | | | |
| | Find (i) K (ii) | Mean (i | ii) Varia | nce | | | | | | | 12N | 1 CO2 | 2 L3 |
| | | | | | | OR | | | | | | | |
| 5. | A random var | iable X | has the | followin | g prot | oability | funct | tion: | | | | | |
| | X 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | • | 8 | | | | |
| | P(X) K | 2K | 3K | 4K | 5K | 6K | 7 | ۶ ۲ | 3K | | | | |
| | Find the value | | | | | | | | | | 121 | 1 CO2 | 2 L3 |
| | | | | , | , and | | | | | | 1210 | | 0 |
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| for the analysis of an algorithm with the help of examples. OR a. a) Explain Tower of Hanoi problem and develop a recursive algorithm. b) Write a recursive algorithm to find maximum and minimum in an array. (MIT-II) b) A a) Develop an algorithm to find the k th smallest element in a given array of elements using Divide and Conquer Technique and explain with an example. Discuss its time complexity. b) Explain the Merge Sort algorithm with an example. Give the Time complexity of Merge sort algorithm 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 | На | II Ticket Number : | | | |
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| II B.Tech. II Semester Supplementary Examinations December 2023 Design and Analysis of Algorithms (Common to CSE, AI&DS and AI&ML) Max. Marks: 70 Time: 3 Hours Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. In Part-A, each question carries Two marks. 3. Answer ALL the questions in Part-A and Part-B PART-A (Compulsory question) Answer ALL the following short answer questions (5 X 2 = 10M) CO BL What are the characteristics of an algorithm? What is the worst case time complexity of Quick sort? CO1 L1 What is the worst case time complexity of Quick sort? What is Backtracking? What are the constraints used in it? What is Backtracking? What are the constraints used in it? Marks CO UNIT-I Coefine an Algorithm. Explain various Asymptotic notations for the analysis of an algorithm with the help of examples. CO1 Write a recursive algorithm to find maximum and minimum in an array. COR Analysis and Algorithm with an example. Discuss its time complexity. CO2 COR | Cod | e: 204541T | R-20 | | |
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| (i) What is the worst case time complexity of Quick sort? CO1 L1 (ii) Define minimum cost spanning tree. CO2 L1 (iii) Define principle of optimality. CO2 L1 (iiii) Define principle of optimality. CO2 L1 (iiiii) Define principle of optimality. CO2 L1 (iiiiiiiiiiii) Define principle of optimality. CO2 L1 (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii | | | | | |
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| Define an Algorithm. Explain various Asymptotic notations for the analysis of an algorithm with the help of examples. OR a) Explain Tower of Hanoi problem and develop a recursive algorithm. b) Write a recursive algorithm to find maximum and minimum in an array. CO1 UNIT-II A) Develop an algorithm to find the kth smallest element in a given array of elements using Divide and Conquer Technique and explain with an example. Discuss its time complexity. b) Explain the Merge Sort algorithm with an example. Give the Time complexity of Merge sort algorithm 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 6M co2 | | | | • | |
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| OR 5. a) Explain Knapsack Problem using greedy method with the help of an example. Give an algorithm for the Knapsack | b) | | | | |
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| help of an example. Give an algorithm for the Knapsack | 5 2) | | | | |
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| | b) | | | | | | | |
| | | example kruskal's algorithm for finding the minimum cost | | | | | | |
| | | spanning tree. | 6M | CO2 | L1 | | | |
| | | UNIT–III | | | | | | |
| 6. | | Explain Multi Stage Graph Problem using Forward approach | | | | | | |
| | | with the help of an example using Dynamic Programming. | 12M | CO3 | L2 | | | |
| | | OR | | | | | | |
| 7. | | Discuss Optimal Binary Search tree problem with the help | | | | | | |
| | | of an example. | 12M | CO3 | L6 | | | |
| | | UNIT–IV | | | | | | |
| 8. | a) | Define backtracking. Give the general algorithm for | | | | | | |
| | | backtracking problems. | 6M | CO4 | L1 | | | |
| | b) | Explain the 4-Queen's problem with the help of example. | 6M | CO4 | L5 | | | |
| | | OR | | | | | | |
| 9. | | Explain knapsack problem with the help of example using | | | | | | |
| | | branch and bound. | 12M | CO4 | L5 | | | |
| | | UNIT-V | | | | | | |
| 10. | | Discuss the basic concepts of NP-Hard and NP-Complete | | | | | | |
| | | problems. | 12M | CO5 | L6 | | | |
| OR | | | | | | | | |
| 11. | a) | Explain Cooks theorem. | ЗM | CO5 | L2 | | | |
| | b) | Distinguish between non deterministic and deterministic | | | | | | |
| | • | algorithms. | 9M | CO5 | L4 | | | |
| | | - *** End *** | | | | | | |

*** End ***

| | icket Number : | R-20 |) | |
|------------|---|--------|----------|----|
| | : 20A445T Il B.Tech. Il Semester Supplementary Examinations Decembe | | |] |
| | Microprocessor and Interfacing | 1 2020 | | |
| Max | (Common to CSE, AI&DS and AI&ML) Marks: 70 | ime: 3 | Hours | |
| MUX. | ******* | | 10013 | |
| | Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) In Part-A, each question carries Two marks. | | | |
| | 3. Answer ALL the questions in Part-A and Part-B | | | |
| | PART-A | | | |
| Δηςινιά | (Compulsory question) Fr ALL the following short answer questions (5 X 2 = 10N) | 1) C | 0 | BL |
| | mmarize the functioning of INTR pin in 8086. | , | 01 | L2 |
| , | ecify the format of ICW1 in 8259 PIC. | C | | L6 |
| <i>,</i> . | at is mode 0 operation of 8255? | C | | L6 |
| | ist the enhanced instruction set of 80386. | CC | | L2 |
| , | w the control register of 80386. | CC | D5 | L2 |
| -, - | PART-B | | | |
| А | nswer <i>five</i> questions by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \ge 12 = 60$ | Marks |) | |
| | | Marks | СО | BL |
| | UNIT–I | | | |
| 2. a) | Explain string instructions supported by 8086 processor? | 6M | C01 | L2 |
| b) | Give the instruction sequence that compares the first 10 | 6M | C01 | L2 |
| | bytes beginning at STRG1with the first ten bytes | | | |
| | beginning at STRG 2 and branches to MATCH if they | | | |
| | are equal, otherwise continues in sequence? | | | |
| 3 J) | Briefly explain about following instructions of 8086 | 6M | C01 | L2 |
| J. aj | i. ADD ii. NEG iii. AAM iv. DIV | | | |
| b) | Explain with simple examples how the string manipulation | 6M | C01 | L2 |
| | instructions in 8086 are useful in block transfer of data. | | | |
| | UNIT–II | | | |
| 4. | What do you mean by a DMA data transfer? Explain the | 12M | C02 | L6 |
| | implementation in 8086 system using 8257 DMA | | | |
| | controller. | | | |
| 5 2) | How DRAM's are different from SRAM's? Why DRAMs | 6M | CO_{2} | L6 |
| J. aj | are said to employ address multiplexing? | | 502 | 20 |
| | | Dee | o 1 of 7 | |

| | b) | What are the conditions that will cause EU to enter a 'Wait State' in 8086? | 6M | CO2 | L2 |
|-----|----|--|----|-----|----|
| | | UNIT–III | | | |
| 6. | a) | Explain about the control word formats of 8255? Explain the importance of bit set / reset facilities? | 6M | CO3 | L6 |
| | b) | Give an interfacing diagram, which shows the connections between 8086 and 8259. | 6M | CO3 | L6 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 7. | a) | Distinguish between Mode set control word and BSR control Word of 8255? | 6M | CO3 | L6 |
| | b) | Explain how an ADC is connected to 8086 using the ports of 8255? Give relevant interface diagram? | 6M | CO3 | L6 |
| | | UNIT–IV | | | |
| 8. | | Explain the operation of 8251 in Asynchronous mode of communication. | 6M | CO4 | L6 |
| | | Write short note on RS-232C standard. | 6M | CO4 | L6 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 9. | a) | Draw and explain Command and Mode word formats of 8251. | 6M | CO4 | L6 |
| | b) | Write initialization instructions to setup 8251 for asynchronous mode, 300baud and 7 bit character with no parity. | 6M | CO4 | L6 |
| | | UNIT–V | | | |
| 10. | a) | What are the salient features of 80286 in real address mode? | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | b) | Enlist the priority of bus usage in 80286. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | | OR | | | |
| 11. | a) | Draw and discus the paging mechanism of 80386 in details. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |
| | b) | Explain the physical address formation in real address mode of 80386. | 6M | CO5 | L2 |

*** End ***