Code:	5GA51		R-15							
		aminations Nov/Dec (<u></u>							
	III B.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2017									
	Managerial Economics a	-								
	(Common to CE,	, ME & ECE)	T 0.11							
	Marks: 70		Time: 3 Hours							
Answ	er all five units by choosing one questi	on from each unif (5 x 14	1 = 70 Marks)							
		— • • 1								
	UNI									
1.	What are the different methods of measu	• •								
	following information, calculate the pri	ice elasticity using percen	tage and arc							
	methods and comment on the nature of the	ne good:								
	$P = 12$; $Q = 10$ and $P_1 = 15$; $Q_1 = 8$.									
		OR								
2.	Briefly discuss the various methods of De	mand forecasting.								
	UNI	T-II								
3.	Define Isoquant and Isocost line. Graphical		nimizina choice							
0.	of inputs. Also graphically show the long-rul	, ,	U							
	epater / teo graphically brow the folig ful	OR								
4.	Define Production Function and write	• • •	ction function							
4.										
	Suppose in the Cobb-Douglas productio									
	about the returns to scale? If + = 1 an		piy <u>r</u>							
	UNI									
5.	Discuss in brief the short-run and long-run									
	market. Why do firms under Monopolistic	market operate with Excess	Capacity?							
		OR								
6.	Briefly discuss the various forms of busin	ness organizations. Write a	short comment							
	on PPP model.									
	UNI	Γ-IV								
7.	Define Capital. What are the different type	es of capital? Elaborate.								
		OR								
8.	What are the different methods of capital		Present Value							
0.	of a project with an initial investment of F	0								
	for a period of 2 years with 5% interest ra									
		·								
~										
9.	What is Balance Sheet? What are the di		e sheet? Chart							
	out assets and liabilities of a firm with suit	•								
		OR								
10.	What are turnover and solvency ratios?	Calculate current ratio from	n the following							
	information:									
	Particulars	Rs.								
	Inventories	50,000								
	Trade receivables	50,000								
	Advance tax	4,000								
	Cash and cash equivalents	30,000								
	Trade payables	1,00,000								
	Short-term borrowings ***	4,000								

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	Hall Ticket Number :							[]	
(Code: 5G651		l					R-15	
	III B.Tech. I	Semester	Regula	ar Examir	natio	ns N	ov/De	c 2017	
		St		l Analys					
			(Civil Er	ngineering	3)				
	Max. Marks: 70							Time: 3 Hours	
	Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)								

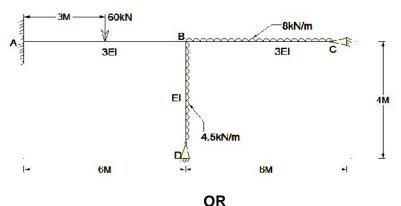
1. A three hinged parabolic arch span of 30m and central rise of 6m it is loaded with a point load of 6kN at a length of 8m from left end support calculate normal thrust, and radial shear at a section under the load. Also calculate maximum positive and negative bending moment

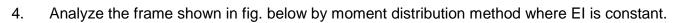
OR

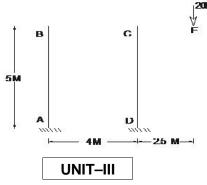
2. A parabolic arch hinged at the ends has a span of 60m and a rise of 12m. A concentrated load of 8 KN acts at 15m from the left hinge. Calculate the horizontal thrust and bending moment at the quarter span of the right half of the span.



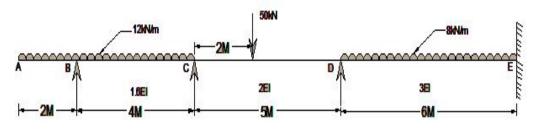
3. Analyze the frame shown in fig. below by slope deflection method .



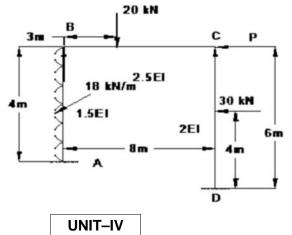




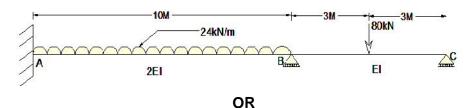
5 Analyze the continuous beam shown in fig. below by Kani's method. The support B sinks by 8mm. take $EI = 10 \times 10^6 \text{ Nm}^2$



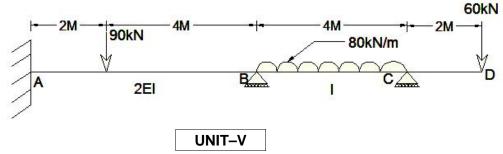
6. Find the value **P** to prevent sway in the given frame shown in fig. below by Kani's method.



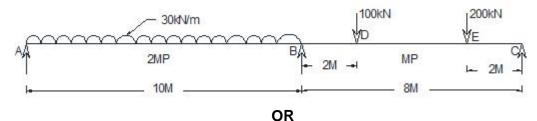
7. Analyze the continuous beam shown in fig. below by flexibility matrix method and draw SFD. What will be the change in the forces, if supports B and C settle down by 200/EI and 100/EI.



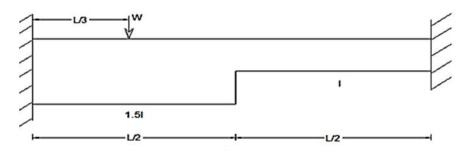
8. Analyze the beam shown in fig. below by stiffness matrix method.



9. Analyze the continuous beam shown in fig. below by plastic Analysis. All the loads are service loads, use partial safety factor of 1.5



10. Determine the collapse load of a fixed beam shown in fig. below subjected to load W at 1/3rd span.



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Code: 5G653

III B.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2017

Water Resource Engineering -I

(Civil Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours Answer all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)

****** UNIT-I

- 1. a) Explain in brief 'water-budget equation' with the aid of examples.
 - b) The following are the rain gauges observations during a storm. Construct the (i) mass curve of precipitation (ii) hyetograph, also find the total precipitation and max intensity of rainfall.

Time since commencement of storm (min)	Accumulated rainfall (cm)
5	0.1
10	0.2
15	0.8
20	1.5
25	1.8
30	2.0
35	2.5
40	2.7
45	2.9
50	3.1
50	3.1

- OR
- 2. a) Define DAD curve and its utility.
 - b) A storm of 24 hrs duration occurring in a catchment produces the following isohyets.

Isohyets (cm)	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Enclosed area (Km ²)	22	78	98	115	150	195	250	300

It is found that intensity of rainfall is highest in the central area of 22 Km² and gradually decreases away from the centre. Draw the DAD curve of this 24 hr storm and calculate average depth of rainfall over an area of 230 km²

UNIT-II

- 3. a) Define the Infiltration capacity. Explain the different factors affect the Infiltration capacity. 5M
 - b) Horton infiltration equation describes how the infiltration capacity (mm/hr) for the soil change with time as soil becomes wetter. In a specific soil the parameter are known $f_o = 35$ mm/hr, $f_c = 6$ mm/hr, K = 2 hr⁻¹
 - (i) What is the infiltration capacity after 15, 30 and 60 min
 - (ii) How much water has infiltrated after 15, 30 and 60 min

OR

- 4. a) What factors should be considered in selecting a site for the stream gauging station? 4M
 - b) During a flood, all the gauge sites of the river Harbhangi in Orissa were submerged. From the flood marks, the following data were collected. Compute the discharge. River stage at two sites, 1.73 km apart are 380.38 m and 400.2 m respectively, Mean cross-section of the channel = 335 m^2 . Mean wetted perimeter of the area = 98 m(measured from the earlier river cross section). Mannings 'n' = 0.035.

10M

9M

10M

10M

4M

4M

7M

7M

7M

5M

UNIT–III

5. The ordinate of a 6-hour unit hydrograph of a catchment is given below.

Time (hr)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	69
Ordinate of 6-h UH	0	25	50	85	125	160	185	160	110	60	36	25	16	8	0

Derive the flood hydrograph in the catchment due to the storm given below.

Time from the start of storm (h)	0	6	12	18
accumulated rainfall (cm)	0	3.5	11.0	16.5

The index for the catchment is estimated as 0.25 cm/h. The base flow can be assumed to be 15m³/s at the beginning and increasing by 2.0 m³/s for every 12 hr till the end of the direct runoff hydrograph. 14M

OR

- 6. a) Explain different factors affecting the flood hydrograph.
 - b) Explain the procedure of deriving a D-h unit hydrograph from the IUH of the catchment. 7M

UNIT–IV

- 7. a) State the assumptions of the Thiem's method and derive the equation for the discharge of well through a confined aquifer.
 - b) The following observations were made on a 300 mm. diameter well penetrating an unconfined aquifer
 - I. Rate of pumping=1800 litre/min
 - II. Drawdown in a test well 30 m away=1.8 m
 - III. Drawdown in a test well 60 m. away=0.6 m
 - IV. Depth of water in the main well before pumping=50 m

Determine (i) Radius of influence (ii) Coefficient of transmissibility of the aquifer

OR

- 8. a) For a trapezoidal channel section to be most economical prove that three sides of the section are tangential to the semicircle.6M
 - b) Design a regime channel for a discharge of 50 cumecs and silt factor 1.1, using Lacey's theory
 8M

UNIT–V

- 9 a) How water logging leads to salinity? Why leaching is done?
 - b) What do you understand by field capacity? Derive the relation for the max depth of water stored in the root zone in filling the soil upto field capacity.
 9M

OR

10. The cultivable commanded area for a distributary is 15,000 hectares. The intensity of irrigation for the Rabi crop (wheat) is 40% and for the Kharif (Rice) crop is 15%. If the total water requirement of the two crop are 37.5 cm and 120 cm and their periods of growth are 160 days and 140 days respectively; (i) determine the outlet discharge from the average demand consideration; (ii) also determine the peak demand discharge assuming that the kor water depth for two crops are 13.5 cm and 19 cm and their kor periods are 4 weeks and 2 weeks respectively.

Code: 5G655

III B.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2017 Design and Drawing of Reinforced Concrete Structures

(Civil Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 Hours

R-15

PART-A

Answer any one question (1 x 28 = 28 Marks)

- Design a simply supported rectangular beam to carry 38KN/m superimposed load over a span of 5.5 m on 300mm wide supports. Use M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 grade steel. Check the design for all necessary conditions. Draw to a suitable scale
 - (a) Longitudinal section showing the reinforcement details.
 - (b) The cross section of the beam at salient points, showing reinforcement details.

OR

- 2. Proportion and design a reinforced concrete isolated footing for a column of size 450x450mm transmitting an axial load of 1200kN and uniaxial bending moment of 450kNm at service state. The soil investigations at the size have indicated that the unit weight, safe bearing capacity and angle of repose of soil are 19kN.m3, 150 kN/m² and 30°, respectively. The construction materials to be used are M20 concrete and HYSD steel of grade Fe415.
 - Draw reinforcement details in plan
 - Draw reinforcement details in section

PART-B

Answer any Three questions ($3 \times 14 = 42$ Marks)

- 3. A rectangular beam 230mm wide and 450 mm deep upto the centre of reinforcement, has to resist a factored moment of 50KN-m. Design the section. Use M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel.
- 4. Design the torsional reinforcement in a rectangular beam section, 300mm wide and 600mm deep and it is subject to an ultimate twisting moment of 150KNm, combined with an ultimate(hogging) bending moment of 250KNm and an ultimate shear force of 150KN. Assume M20 grade concrete and Fe 415 steel and mild exposure conditions.
- 5. An R.C. Column 400mmx 450mm is subjected to an axial ultimate load of 2200KN and bent in single curvature about the minor axis My (top)= 80KNm and My(bottom)=100KNm as ultimate moments. If Lo=6m and Le=4.50m on both axes, calculate the design moments for the column.
- 6. A circular column of 400mm diameter transfers an axial dead load of 500KN and an axial live load of 400KN. The column is having 8-20mm diameter bars. The safe bearing capacity of the soil is 250 KN/m², Use M20 grade of concrete and HYSD steel bars of Fe415 grade. Design a circular footing to support the circular column.
- 7. A rectangular simply supported beam of clear span 4.5m is 300mmx600mm in cross Section. It is reinforced with 4 bars of 20mm diameter. Use M20 grade concrete and Fe415 steel. The effective cover is 40mm. Taking super imposed live load as 26 KN/m and dead load as 18KN/m, calculate the short term and long term deflections of the beam.

Hall	Tick	et Number :	
Code		R-15	
Code	;. 30	III B.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2017	
		Environmental Engineering-I	
		(Civil Engineering)	
Mo		Time: 3 Ho wer all five units by choosing one question from each unit (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)	ours
	7 (113	**************************************	
		UNIT–I	
1.	a)	Explain the need for protected water supply system.	6M
	b)	Discuss about various sources of water and their suitability in terms of quantity and quality.	8M
		OR	
2.	a)	Explain the factors affecting water demand	6M
	b)	Estimate the population of a city for the year 2031, based on the following data using geometrical increase method and incremental increase method.	
		Census Year : 1961 1971 1981 1991 2001 2011	
		Population(in lakhs) : 1.65 2.20 2.80 3.60 4.20 5.50	8M
_		UNIT-II	
3.	a)	What is an intake? Explain the reservoir intake with neat sketch	7M
	b)	Explain about the water distribution networks.	7M
4		OR Evalain briefly about abusical abaracteristics of water	714
4.	a) b)	Explain briefly about physical characteristics of water	7M 7M
	b)	Explain the various water borne disease and their controls.	7 171
5.	a)	UNIT–III Discuss briefly Conventional water treatment processes units and their functions	7M
0.	b)	Design a rectangular sedimentation tank to treat 10MLD of water. Assume	,
	~)	suitable data.	7M
		OR	
6.	a)	Explain the working principle of slow sand filter with neat sketch.	7M
	b)	What are the different methods of disinfections and explain each briefly.	7M
		UNIT–IV	
7.	a)	Explain the systems of conveyance of sewage	7M
	b)	What are the various shapes of sewers? Explain the design of egg shaped sewer.	7M
		OR	
8.	a)	The drainage area of one sector of a town is 50 hectares and the classification of surface area is as follows.	
		Percentage of total Type of curfoce area Run-off	
		surface area Type of surface area coefficient	
		25% Hard Pavement 0.85	
		25%Roof surface0.8030%Unpaved street0.50	
		20% Gardens and lawns 0.15	
		If the time of concentration for the area is 30 minutes, find the maximum storm water runoff.	7M
	b)	What is meant by sewer appurtenances? Explain in detail about manhole with neat sketch.	7M
		UNIT–V	
9.	a)	Explain the cycles of aerobic and anaerobic decomposition.	7M
	b)	Determine the 5 day BOD of a sample at 25°C, if its one day BOD at 30°C is 200 mg/lit, K at 20° C is 0.1/day	7M
		OR	
10.	a)	Explain the working principle of standard rate trickling filter with neat sketch	7M
	b)	Design a septic tank for a small colony of 200 persons with daily sewage flow of 120 lpcd.	7M

Hall	Tick	et Number :	
Code	e: 56	R-15	
		III B.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations Nov/Dec 2017	
		Engineering Geology (Civil Engineering)	
-		Time: 3 Ho ver all five units by choosing one question from each unit ($5 \times 14 = 70$ Marks)	Urs
		******** UNIT–I	
1.	a)	What is weathering of rocks? List down various types of weathering?	2M
	b)	Give a brief about significance of geology in civil engineering highlighting any case history of failure of major civil engineering projects in India?	12M
	,	OR	
2.	a)	Give a brief about significance of geology in planning, designing and execution of major civil engineering projects and development of water resources?	12M
	b)	Highlight on significance of weathering?	2M
	5)		2111
3.	a)	Highlight on physical properties of feldspar?	4M
	b)	Elaborate on identification of minerals by physical properties? OR	10M
4.		Distinguish between cleavage and fracture? Elaborate on study of hardness	
		of minerals? Distinguish between physical properties of quartz and feldspar?	14M
5.	a)	What is dip of rocks? What is the importance of faults in civil engineering?	6M
	b)	List down various types of rocks? How are these rock types formed? How do you distinguish these rock types in the field?	8M
		OR	
6.	a)	What are the major rock types and how are they formed?	6M
	b)	Give a brief about structures of igneous rocks?	8M
7.	a)	Give a brief about hydrological properties of rocks?	10M
	b)	What do you understand about seismic zones in India?	4M
	,	OR	
8.	a)	Give a brief about groundwater exploration?	10M
	b)	Highlight on measures for controlling landslides?	4M
9.	a)	What are the types of dams? Comment on suitable foundation for these dams?	10M
	b)	High light on any dam failures and factors responsible for the same? OR	4M
10.	a)	Give a brief about geological considerations in tunneling?	12M
	b)	What are the problems you encounter in tunneling of steeply inclines thin rocks and steeply inclined thick rocks?	2M
